

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXV.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1912

NO. 31

VOTE FOR LEN SMALL, THE FARMER CANDIDATE, FOR GOVERNOR

RESULT OF TUESDAY'S ELECTION

Grant Elects its First Republican Supervisor in the Past Sixty Years

EGER DEFEATS W. E. MILLER

Chittenden Defeats Clow for the Office of Supervisor in Town of Warren After Hard Struggle

Tuesday was the day for township elections throughout the county and we herewith give the result of the entire vote in Antioch township, but on account of having only limited space we give only the result of the vote on supervisor in other townships.

People's Town Ticket	
Precinct No. 1.	
For Town Clerk	
W. S. Rinear	88
For Assessor	
C. E. Van Patten	89
For Collector	
W. T. Taylor	90
For Highway Commissioner	
Lete Larson	88
For Justice of the Peace	
Harry A. Isaacs	81
For Constable	
Frank Hooper	87
For Town Committee	
George Webb	86
Roy Pierce	84
Eugene Herman	86
For Gravel Tax	50
Against Gravel Tax	49
No. votes cast, 100.	
Precinct No. 2.	
For Town Clerk	
W. S. Rinear	92
For Assessor	
C. E. Van Patten	83
For Collector	
W. T. Taylor	90
For Highway Commissioner	
Pete Larson	89
For Justice of the Peace	
Harry A. Isaacs	88
For Constable	
Frank Hooper	87
For Town Committee	
George Webb	90
Roy Pierce	85
Eugene Herman	87
For Gravel Tax	64
Against Gravel Tax	35
No. Votes cast, 101.	
Gravel tax winning out by 27 votes.	

Below are shown the new members of the board of supervisors as a result of Tuesday's election:

Grant—The first republican candidate to be elected in that town of Grant for over sixty years was W. J. Stratton of Fox Lake, who was elected to succeed T. E. Graham. The results were as follows:

W. J. Stratton, R.	116
Fred O'Boyle, D.	80
Converse Marble, I.	41

In other places those who won out were:

Cuba—Fred Kirschner	134
Deerfield—H. M. Prier	606
Ela—Emil A. Fleke	195
Vernon—Alfred G. Maether	161
Wauconda—Ernest W. Brooks	
West Deerfield—C. W. Pettis	
Shields—O. D. Goss	

The hottest fights were at Libertyville and Warren. At Libertyville the race between W. E. (shorty) Miller and H. B. Eger, Eger won with a majority of 120.

At Warren there the contest was between Freeman Clow and Ralph Chittenden over the position.

Ralph Chittenden, the present incumbent, won the election by a majority of 24 votes, he receiving 147 as against Clow's 123.

The wet and dry question was the issue of the day in many places. In the state there were 17 towns which were wet that went dry; 28 which were dry went wet. Marengo being among the number; 67 which were dry remained dry and 66 which were wet remained wet, including Waukegan and North Chicago. Six entire counties were voted dry this week and two more that were already dry remained so.

BILL TO CONTROL RAISE

Bill to be Introduced Allowing M. W. A. Members Majority Vote

It has been prophesied many times in the last few weeks that if the Head Camp of the Modern Woodmen insisted upon pushing the matter of the rate raise that the Illinois legislature would take the matter up and pass legislation in favor of the old members. And it now seems that this prophecy is to come true. A bill has been introduced by D. D. Donahue of Bloomington providing that no fraternal insurance society, organized under the laws of the state of Illinois will be able to raise their rates without first obtaining the consent of a majority of its members. This would apply to the Modern Woodmen, as that organization has the referendum.

The bill is aimed particularly at the Woodmen, who recently raised their rates, and also provides that they shall not be able to raise before the first of the year 1916.

The referendum feature was inserted in the committee on fraternal insurance which reported the bill favorably to the house. Inasmuch as the Woodmen are organized under the Illinois laws, the referendum rule would apply to all members, whether in the state or not.

ADVOCATE OF RATE RAISE IS STUMPED

For the past month or so the various Woodman camps in this vicinity have been receiving communications from head camp stating that a representative of the order would soon be present to explain the new rates. In accordance with this plan, Philip J. McGuire of Chicago met with the members of the Waukegan lodge last week and proceeded to tell them what a fine thing the new rate proposition would be.

But he was completely stumped when Matt Palmer, 71 years of age, and a charter member of the Waukegan camp asked the question "What are you going to do with me?" The question coming from a man who had been a member for more than twenty-six years was more than McGuire could answer.

Remarks were also made by C. T. Heydecker, J. H. Reynolds, William Hoban and Wm. M. Farmer, and they claim that McGuire would not answer their questions. According to all reports, Mr. McGuire did not make a very favorable impression, the members entirely refusing to "fall" for his line of argument.

LINCOLN GARWOOD PASSED AWAY AFTER A LONG ILLNESS

On Friday morning of last week, Lincoln A. Garwood one of the best known residents of Channel passed away, at his home, illness covering a period of many months although he was able to be about the house up to the day of his death, which was caused by Bright's Disease. The deceased was a son of Israel and Roxie Garwood and was born in the year of 1875, on the same farm upon which he died; his entire life having been spent there.

He is survived by one brother, Harmon Garwood of Channel, and two sisters Mrs. Charles Morefield of Seward, Neb., and Miss Alice Garwood of Channel, besides many other relatives. He was a member of Irwin District Court of Honor.

The funeral was held in the Antioch M. E. church Monday afternoon at half past one o'clock, with interment in the Hillside cemetery.

TOWNSHIP PROPOSITION LOSES OUT

The matter of the creation of the new township of Lake Villa, to be composed of parts of Antioch Grant and Avon, came up again on Wednesday, the committee settling the question by voting unfavorable.

He Knew the Girl.
Son (trying to persuade his sister).
—Don't you think, air, I've money enough to get married on?
Father—Yes, but not enough to stay married on.

Beware of Fits of Passion.
The very instant you perceive yourself in a passion shut your mouth and keep it shut until your blood cools. This advice, if always followed, would save many a life of bitterness and of deep, incurable anguish.



Len Small, the Farmer Candidate, Acknowledged as the Man Who and Will Beat Chas. S. Deneen

Len Small, the next governor of our state is the cry that is now ringing from one end of Illinois to the other. Where ever Mr. Small has been, unbounded enthusiasm invariably results. He has practically finished his tour of the southern and central counties and is now devoting the last week of the campaign to the city of Chicago.

The desperate effort being put forth by the Deneen forces to stem the tide of Len Small's popularity, shows that the governor regards the Kankakee Farmer candidate, as his most deadly opponent.

That his popularity is increasing by leaps and bounds was plainly evinced the first two days of the last week, when Mr. Small received information from over a hundred prominent supporters of other candidates, that they have decided to drop their favorites and join the Small camp.

Never before in the history of Cook county politics has there waged such a strenuous campaign. The governor has realized that his only hope was in Cook county since he saw the down-state vote literally handed to his strongest opponent. And now his feet held there is being rapidly swept away.

Noonday political meetings have long since ceased to be a novelty in Chicago and usually the house is only sparingly

filled, but so many people want to hear Small that the doors had to be closed at 12:05 to comply with the fire rules and even then they were severely stretched, when it was known that he would speak in the Columbia theater on Monday, and in spite of the weather overflow meetings were held in the streets and alleys.

Prominent politicians who have followed the matter from the beginning have summed up the situation as follows: That the Yates vote will not effect the standing of any of the other candidates as it is generally conceded that his candidacy is practically in the interests of Deneen. Wayman's double crossing on the wet and dry issue in southern Illinois has eliminated him from the contest. Jones has not been considered a Republican by the Republican party since the announcement of his socialistic platform. That Brown never expected a vote outside his own bailiwick, and that Hurburgh's following is purely local. The fight then lays between Small and Deneen. Which will you choose? Compare the men. Compare their records and then vote for the man best qualified to manage the affairs of the state, Len Small, the farmers candidate, the one man with whom to beat Deneen.

FUNERAL OF JUDSON ROGERS HELD SATURDAY

The remains of the late Judson Rogers of Moline, Kansas, arrived here last Saturday afternoon on the 3:15 train, accompanied by his nephew, Jasper Denick of Topeka. A short service was held at the home of Miss Ida Rogers, with Rev. A. O. Sixrud presiding and which was attended by the old soldiers, some of whom were his closest comrades during the war, besides a number of other old friends. The interment was in the Hillside cemetery. Among those from a distance who attended the last sad rites were Jasper Denick, of Topeka, Kansas, Rolla Rogers and daughter Jennie of Kojze, Mrs. Lillie Hendricks of Ingleside, H. S. and R. M. Sherwood of Lake Villa.

Misconception Corrected.
A good many mistakes arise from misapprehension. For instance, a dentist advertises that he will extract teeth without pain. You suppose he means the patient will not experience pain. That is a wrong conclusion. It is the dentist who feels no pain.

Feminine Mystery.
Another thing—if it is true that birds of a feather flock together, why does a pigeon-toed girl wear ostrich tips?—Galveston News.

MAR. WEATHER REPORT

Furnished By J. C. James, the Local Weather Man

Mar. 1912—Warmest day 42 on the 17th. Coldest day 8 below on the 1st. Average temperature 23.23. Rainfall 1.99 inches. Snowfall 13 inches.

Mar. 1911—Warmest day 74 on the 21st. Coldest day 8 above on the 16th. Average temperature 35.32. Rainfall 2.3 inches.

Mar. 1910—Warmest day 82 on the 19. Coldest day 18 above on the 15th. Average temperature 45.22. Total rain fall 6-100 inch.

Mar. 1909—Warmest day 56 on the 26th. Coldest day 9 on the 17th. Average temperature 33.41. Total rain fall 60-100 inch.

Mar. 1908—Warmest day 70 on the 26th. Coldest day 15 above on the 9th. Average temperature 35.03. Rainfall 3.35 inches.

Mar. 1907—Warmest day 86 on the 21st. Coldest day 18 above on the 16th. Average temperature 42.32. Total rain fall 65-100 inches.

Mar. 1906—Warmest day 50 on the 1st. Coldest day 4 above on the 23rd. Average temperature 27.15. Total rainfall 60-100 inch.

Mar. 1905—Warmest day 77 on the 28th. Coldest day 9 above on the 11th. Average temperature 37.99. Rainfall 2.65 inches.

Mar. 1904—Warmest day 57 on the 25th. Coldest day 19 above on the 3rd. Average temperature 31.64. Total rainfall 5.20 inches.

Mar. 1903—Warmest day 75 on the 18th. Coldest day 12 above on the 1st. Average temperature 40.62. Rainfall 2.69 inch.

Mar. 1902—Warmest day 66 on the 26th. Coldest day 4 above on the 17th. Average temperature 38.83. Total rainfall 1.05 inch.

LARGE WEDDING CELEBRATED AT WILMOT CHURCH

One of the largest weddings of the season was celebrated at the Eve Friden Lutheran church at Wilmet on Wednesday of last week at eleven o'clock when Miss Annie Pagel, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pagel of Wilmet became the bride of Albert Krahn, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Krahn of Bristol. Rev. Jodie reading the impressive ceremony that made them man and wife.

The bride was attired in white silk with a wreath of orange blossoms and the customary wedding veil and carried a bouquet of white carnations. Miss Frieda Pagel, sister of the bride, and Miss Erma Wolfe acted as bridesmaids and were dressed in white and carried bouquets of pink carnations.

The groom was attended by his nephew, August Krahn, and Chas. Pagel, brother of the bride.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride and a wedding dinner was served to over one hundred guests. The bride is a member of the German Lutheran church at Wilmet while the groom is a member of the same church at Bristol and the two congregations unite with their many other friends in extending to them most hearty congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Krahn at once began housekeeping on the Chas. Turner farm just east of Antioch, which was recently purchased by the groom.

SCARLET FEVER EPIDEMIC IN KENOSHA

Kenosha is just now facing an epidemic of scarlet fever and diphtheria and it is reported that the matter is fast assuming a very serious aspect.

No record has been kept of the deaths but it is said that the number is near fifty since the latter part of December. Mayor Scholey last Friday appointed a special committee of citizens to take the matter in hand and an appeal was made to the state board of health to assume charge of the situation.

Over forty homes are under quarantine and residents of the city claim that there are more than twice as many more that have not come to the attention of the authorities. The schools are practically deserted and Kemper Hall the Episcopal boarding school is closed.

A proclamation has been issued asking every person in the city to keep close watch of their neighbors and to report all cases at once.

SCHOOL FUND IS DIVIDED

Township Treasurers Receive Pro Rata Share of the Distributable Fund

DADY TURNS OVER \$676.85

The Remainder is Derived From the One Mill Tax and the Fines Collected by Various Justices.

County Superintendent of Schools T. A. Simpson has just completed the work of sending to every treasurer in the various townships in Lake county, their pro rata share of the distributable fund for school purposes for the year ending March 31, 1912.

The distributable school fund comes from the fines collected by the State's Attorney and the various justices of the peace throughout the county, together with the state warrant which is the one mill tax received each year from the state. The total amount of money in the fund this year was \$18,171.03 of which amount \$17,313.31 came from the one mill tax while the next largest amount \$676.85 came from the state's attorney. The amounts collected by the justices was very small.

It has been determined by a census that there are in the county 20,816 people under the age of 21 years. As there is little over \$18,000 in the distributable fund it means that there is 87.2 cents for each person under 21 in the county. The number of people in each town under 21 years of age is then determined and these figures are used in determining what part of the entire fund each town shall receive.

The following amounts were given to the various town treasurers:

O. W. Farley—town of Benton	\$2061.41
J. A. Hoffman—town of Newport	\$413.33
E. B. Williams—town of East Antioch	\$659.23
Chas. Thompson—town of West Antioch	\$114.23
W. F. Wandel—town of Waukegan	\$1334.16
M. F. Schryver—town of Warren	\$312.17
L. J. Lobdell—town of Avon	\$514.43
G. F. Stanford—town of Grant	\$412.85
W. J. Steele—town of Shields	\$771.72
W. C. Triggs—town of Libertyville	\$327.81
Anna Wirtz—town of Fremont	\$443.85
J. S. Haas—town of Wauconda	\$390.65
D. A. Holmes—town of Deerfield	\$2185.10
A. G. Maether—town of Vernon	\$424.66
F. J. Berghorn—town of Ela	\$629.30
F. L. Waterman—town of Cuba	\$433.90
John Griffith—city of Lake Forest	\$1168.89
T. H. Durst—city of Waukegan	\$5042.77

The following is the source from which the fund was derived:

April 1 1911—Cash on hand at beginning	\$19.87
April 7 1911—J. S. Haas, fines	\$21.00
August 12 1911—Fred W. M.	\$21.00
September 25 1911—John M.	\$26.00
January 29 1912—G. M. Fitch, fi.	\$25.00
February 29 1912—C. A. Boswick	\$45.00
March 14 1912—R. J. Dady, state's attorney fines	\$676.85
March 16 1912—Alex. Tweed	\$1.00
March 28 1912—One Mill Tax	\$1.

Some justices have and some have not as

A Weak
"How could I swear
so one to swear at
in a police court." S
do anything without

EVERY DAIRYMAN SHOULD KNOW THE TRUTH

Concerning the Legislative Treatment of the Milk Question and Then They Will Know Why It Is Being Made a Political Football.

FACTS ARE STATED BY MR. SHURTLEFF

The "Milk News" Editor and His Double-Cross Dealings — Bill 540 In Substance Was Recommended by Olson Over His Written Signature—Later Olson Had Bill 540 Killed and for This Breach of Good Faith the Dairyman Will Later on Be the Real Sufferer, as It Gives the Enemies of the Milk Producers a Good Excuse to Reopen the Entire Question—Present Fight Started by Olson, and Not by the Marengo Man—Something About the Butterine Question and Also Bunk Butterine Bills—You Will Find Some Facts Worth Knowing, if You Take Time to Read the Following Statement of Mr. Shurtleff

Marengo, Ill., March 27, 1912.
To the Milk Producers' Association and Dairyman,
Gentlemen:
OWING TO SICKNESS IN MY FAMILY AND THE SPECIAL SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE, I AM

The "Milk News" for the April issue, which reaches you about the same time that this does, will be devoted largely to politics.
The "Milk News" is published by Mr. E. J. Fellows of St. Charles, Mr. Fellows, as I have stated before, is a cow dealer and cow shipper, as well as a dairyman, but has been mainly interested in dealing in cows for many years.

Why is "Milk News" in politics?
The "Milk News" is published and circulated to the members of the Milk Producers' Association, at the expense of the Milk Dealers' Association, as I am informed.

Should "The Milk News" engage in politics?
Should the Milk Producers' Association be a political organization?
Is it a political organization?

Why does the April issue of Mr. Fellows' "Milk News" devote nearly all of its space to discussing the undersigned?
Will You Stand For This Unfair Deal?

In the March issue of "The Milk News," on page 2, Mr. Fellows printed as follows, in the first column as appears below at the left, in the third column an editorial for Senator A. J. Olson, as appears below at the right:

"Many friends of ex-Speaker Shurtleff and Senator A. J. Olson were pleased when it was learned that these two gentlemen would not be candidates for the same office. Representing as they do the largest dairy district in Illinois, an understanding of the need of their constituency, there is work enough and glory enough for both in protecting these interests at Springfield."

In the left-hand column Mr. Fellows is speaking any voter in the district who may be a friend of Mr. Shurtleff.

In the right-hand column Mr. Fellows, dairyman and cow dealer, is attacking the integrity and loyalty of Mr. Shurtleff to the dairy district.

Which does he mean?
Where did Mr. Fellows stand in March as to Mr. Shurtleff's cause? Was he for Mr. Shurtleff or against Mr. Shurtleff? Was he expressing the choice of the milk producer or thinking of the profits of a cow dealer?

Why Was Shurtleff Denied a Hearing at Libertyville?

At a meeting of the Milk Producers' Association at Libertyville, reported in the "Waukegan Sun," January 25, 1912, Mr. Lumley of Woodstock and Senator Olson were present. Mr. Lumley said:

"Lumley declared Representative Shurtleff backed Bill 540, and characterized the bill as one which would make every cow owner in the state give up in disgust and despair and rush the price of butter and milk to a most prohibitive rate."

Mr. Lumley further said:
"Olson's Bill 55 made possible what 540 would have prevented—the shipping to Chicago of milk from cattle which had not been tested for tuberculosis."

Was the Milk Producers' Association fair in permitting Mr. Lumley and Senator Olson to make such false statements and claims and not give Mr. Shurtleff a chance to reply?

Were these statements true?

All concede that Shurtleff drew Shepard Bill 55, and yet Olson claims it.

Is there any dairyman in northern Illinois who does not know and is not satisfied who drew, passed and put through House Bill 55 and killed the Chicago ordinance?

If there is any one who does not know, let him ask any member of the legislature, any member of the investigating committee—except A. J. Olson—who has been connected with the dairy subject. Let J. P. Grier, Secretary of the Producers' Association, or even "Chicago Tribune."

If Bill 55 was Senator Olson's bill, why was it introduced in the House and not in the Senate?

Will Senator Olson fairly look any one in the face and say it was his?

Senator Olson and Mr. Lumley credit to Mr. Olson the credit of that kind appeal to northern Illinois.

Why should Elmer J. Fellows endorse Mr. Shurtleff in the March number of "The Milk News" and enlarge the April issue to condemn him?

Who pays the bill—or does he do it at the expense of the milk producer?

How long will the Milk Producers' Association last if run in this kind of way?

How long will the Milk Producers' Association last while run by a cow dealer in the interest of cow dealers?

How long would the Milk Producers' Association last if Mr. J. P. Grier had been elected and Mr. Lumley elected Secretary in his place?

If Fellows Earned This \$500, How Did Olson's Man, Attorney Lumley, Come In For This Fat Rake-Off?

In the March issue of "The Milk News," page 3, in the Treasurer's report, signed by John F. Martin, Treasurer, are items:

E. J. Fellows, salary, 1911, \$300.00
E. J. Fellows, expense account, 200.00
V. S. Lumley, account only meetings, 353.50

What were those for?
You paid this, Mr. Dairyman, and what do you get in return—Politics or Milk Benefit—which?

Are you paying Mr. V. S. Lumley for making speeches at your rally to aid the cause of Senator A. J. Olson in his political campaign?

If so, by what right do you do it? Attorney Lumley's claim: That Bill 540 would increase price of milk.

But to come back to House Bill 540: At Libertyville, in January, Mr. Lumley said: I quote again:

"Lumley declared Representative Shurtleff backed Bill 540, and characterized the bill as one which would make every cow owner in the state give up in disgust and despair and rush the price of butter and milk to a most prohibitive rate."

House Bill 540, then, would raise the price of butter and milk. This is true because Lumley says so. Shurtleff supported it; Olson was against it. Shurtleff, then, voted to raise the price of butter and milk, and Olson voted against it.

Why, that is just what the milk producers have been trying to do for years—to raise the price of butter and milk! That is the object of your association.

And Lumley said at Libertyville (see "Waukegan Daily Sun," Thursday, January 25, 1912) that "House Bill 540 would rush the price of butter and milk to a most prohibitive rate."

That is what everybody wants, and according to Mr. Lumley, is high prices; and if a little of 540 would raise butter ten cents a pound and milk a dollar a hundred, you could get more money than you make now, and only milk half the cows!

Why, certainly, according to Mr. Lumley, House Bill 540 was a price raiser, a feed saver, a dairyman's enricher, and the golden fleece itself! Truly, it should have been patented!

In Your Honest Opinion, Which Side Is in the Bunk, Bluff and Bluster Game? Shurtleff Willing to Leave It to You.

But in Mr. Lumley's Libertyville speech, he said something else, which you can read in that same "Waukegan Daily Sun," January 25th:

"Ho (Lumley) illustrated how the farmers are 'bunked' by the bluff and bluster of big officials, he showed how they are 'buffaloed' into believing that black is white and vice versa, when some state or big city official tries to drive a point home."

Does Mr. Lumley mean that? Is that true?

Mr. Dairyman, I am prevented from making speeches by being called to the legislature, and I am trying to give you something that you can study over, ponder upon and weigh. In this method of education, you can be sure I am not "buffaloing" you. If I am, it is in black and white over my signature, and you will find me out.

But could it be possible that Senator Olson and Mr. Lumley might be "buffaloing" you—misrepresenting the actual facts to you—presuming, to start with, that all honest dairymen outside of the cow shipper and cow dealer are idiots and will drink in their bluff and bluster as so much fact?

Such good men! So much to say about their neighbors' record and standing! Certainly they must be to you absolutely true, otherwise you would not have turned over the Milk Producers' Association to these gentlemen, to take the presidency and the general management of your organization and run it, outside of the Secretary.

For Shame! Shame! Shame! Senator Olson and Mr. Lumley!

Why do you cry "Stop thief," and tell the dairyman and farmer how they can be "buffaloed" into believing that white is black and vice versa, and then that that you are proceeding to do that same thing to them?

Shurtleff Did Not Begin Present Fight—Olson Started the Trouble and Now Let Him Finish It—Shurtleff Not the One Who Is Crying Enough.

Certain newspapers have asked in the last week why I was fighting Senator Olson. Why I attacked his record.

Before I answer that, let Senator Olson and Mr. Lumley tell why they attacked me in the "McHenry County Republican," July, 1911!

"After Shurtleff had slipped one over by passing in House Bill No. 540, which gave the Board of Livestock Commissioners absolute control of all dairy cows of the state."

Why did Senator Olson and Mr. Lumley attack me at Libertyville, January 24, 1912?

Why have Senator Olson, Elmer J. Fellows and V. S. Lumley been at every meeting of the Milk Producers' Association, general and local, making speeches, denouncing 540, denouncing me, and even telling the dairyman how to buffalo him?

What is it that has caused the many mysterious meetings, discussions and planning of Messrs. Olson, Fellows and Lumley together, the use of the honest appearing little sheet, "The

Milk News," inducing me in one column and condemning me in the next? Was it solely and entirely to oust Mr. Grier out of the office of Secretary of the Association and plant Mr. Lumley in his stead, or was it in addition to put me out of politics and "get me," as the whole oligue and band of them have threatened to do? I leave it to the dairyman to decide.

Olson Signed a Recommendation For House Bill 540—Read His Written Pledge—Was He an Honest Friend of the Dairyman When He Violated This Written Pledge to the Cattle Breeders of Illinois?

I print House Bill 540 in full and on the whole. Read it, Mr. Dairyman, and see what it is. After you have read it, then refer to pages 39 and 79 of the Report of the Investigating Committee, which is as follows:

"To the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of the Forty-Seventh General Assembly:

"And your committee would further recommend that all dairy and breeding cattle shipped into the State of Illinois from foreign States and countries outside of the State of Illinois be required to bear with them, upon entrance into the State of Illinois, certificates that they are free from all contagious and infectious diseases, including the disease of tuberculosis."

"And your committee would further recommend that all dairy and breeding cattle shipped from the Union Stock Yards at Chicago, Stock Yards at Peoria and the Stock Yards at East St. Louis to any point within the State of Illinois, be inspected under the authority of the Board of Livestock Commissioners of the State of Illinois, and be certified as free from all contagious and infectious diseases, including the disease of tuberculosis."

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed)
Edward D. Shurtleff,
J. W. Allison, M. D.,
C. S. Hearn,
Alexander Lane, M. D.,
S. C. Pemberton,
A. J. Olson,
Frank W. Shepherd,
Guy L. Bush,
John C. McKenzie,
Thomas Tippitt.

Now, Mr. Dairyman, please compare these recommendations to House Bill 540, and determine for yourself who is right and who is wrong.

Does House Bill 540 cover these recommendations fairly and fully and not more?

House Bill 540 Was a Breeder's Protection Law—It Had No Connection Whatever With the Tuberculin Test for Milk Supply.

Upon December 6, 1911, the United States Livestock Sanitary Association, in Fifteenth Annual Convention assembled at Chicago, passed the following resolution:

"WHEREAS the legislature of the State of Illinois has taken a step backwards with reference to the control of tuberculosis in that all restrictions have been removed, thus permitting tuberculosis cattle to come freely into the State from without, and

"WHEREAS, Illinois is now making no effort to control tuberculosis among cattle within the state and has removed restrictions on the importation of tuberculosis cattle from other states, thus fostering a disease producing center which must be a constant source of danger for surrounding states; therefore, he it resolved by this Association that we deplore most sincerely the attitude of the state of Illinois regarding Tuberculosis Test."

Later, in January, 1912, the Holstein Breeders' Association in the State of Illinois passed resolutions condemning the Legislature for not passing House Bill 540.

House Bill 540 may not have been specially necessary for the dairy district. If it had curtailed to some extent the buying of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Indiana cows from the cow dealers at sixty dollars per head, milking them for six months, when three-fourths of them prove failures and go as canners in Chicago at fifteen dollars per head; it would have injured in no way the actual, bona fide dairyman, and simply lost a few profits to Mr. Elmer J. Fellows and men of his class.

If it had done just what Mr. Lumley, at Libertyville, said it would have done—"rushed the price of butter and milk"—it would have been only what my friend Mr. Lumley has been screaming to have done for the last ten years.

For twelve years I have supported and helped pass through the house an appropriation for \$2,500 for the benefit of the Dairyman's Association in compiling, publishing and distributing its reports and other necessary expenses. This is a regular appropriation, and I doubt if I or Senator Olson could stop it if we set out to do so.

A few years ago, I instituted an appropriation of \$1,000 for the Illinois State Milk Producers' Institute, which has been appropriated at every session since and had my support in the House. This is now a regular appropriation.

Butterine Bunk.
Mr. George M. Whitaker, Secretary of the National Dairy Union at Washington, D. C., pleading to maintain the ten cent tax upon colored Oleomargarine, has this to say:

"When to natural oleomargarine, having a legitimate place in commerce, there is added coloring matter which makes it resemble table butter, it loses its distinctive character and becomes an imitation or a counterfeit."

"The reason for the ten cent tax on imitation butter—not on genuine oleomargarine—is this: If there were no restrictive legislation, oleomargarine would be sold dishonestly in many, even most, instances, to the injury of the consumer and the discouragement of honest business. This statement is proven by the history of oleomargarine. At the date of writing this, fair grades of table butter can be bought by dealers at about thirty to thirty-five cents per pound and retailed at about thirty-five to forty cents. Honest oleomargarine can be bought at from twelve to nineteen cents and retailed at eighteen to twenty-five cents. Here, then, is an article which the economically inclined can use, if they wish, as a substitute for table butter, with no injury to any one, and at a saving of some fifteen cents per pound."

But he goes on to say that if there were no oleomargarine laws much of this would be colored and counterfeited for true butter.

"The Prairie Farmer," under date March 1, 1912, page 12, says:

"The present oleo law was framed to prevent the sale of a cheaper and inferior product as butter, thereby reducing the price of the real product. The law has been difficult to enforce, and there has been much evasion."

"DAIRYMEN ARE PERFECTLY WILLING TO HAVE THE TAX ON OLEO REDUCED. THEY DO NOT WISH THE POOR MAN'S BUTTER TAXED FOR THEIR BENEFIT. ONE THING THEY DO FIRMLY INSIST ON, HOWEVER, AND THAT IS THAT OLEO MUST NOT BE COLORED IN IMITATION OF BUTTER. SUCH A COLOR DOES NOT ADD TO ITS FOOD VALUE. A LAW THAT PUTS A NOMINAL TAX ON UNCOLORED OLEO AND ABSOLUTELY PROHIBITS COLORING IT YELLOW WILL GIVE THE POOR MAN A SUBSTITUTE FOR BUTTER AT A REASONABLE PRICE AT THE SAME TIME IT WILL PROTECT THE DAIRYMAN AGAINST FRAUDULENT COMPETITION."

I quote the above to show that neither the National Dairy Union nor "The Prairie Farmer" are in favor of blackmaling hotels, inns and restaurants for the purpose of fictitiously raising the price of the dairy product.

"The Prairie Farmer" and the actual dairymen's lobby at Washington regard oleo, uncolored, as a pure food, with as much right in the market as butter or any other food product, and only seek by regulation, to prevent its being made a counterfeit. They ask nowhere to blackmail it, but if, or raise the price of the poor man's living. As well require every hotel and restaurant to advertise, paint on the wall, 'We serve Pork and nothing but Pork'—as to drive away certain eastern nationalities and raise the price of beef.

Take a glance at Senator Olson's so-called great Butterine Bill—Senate Bill 478.

Passed by Senate at Eleventh Hour When Too Late for House Action, Even With Rapid Work.

This Bill was introduced in the Senate upon April 28, 1911. The Bill passed the senate upon May 17, 1911, forty-eight hours before adjournment. It came to the house, was referred to a Committee, the Committee met and acted upon it, reporting it back to the House favorably. It passed second reading in the house, and with three hundred other bills, was on third reading the last night of the session. It did not reach a roll call.

My attention was never called to the Bill in any way.

SENATE BILL 478 WAS AS FOLLOWS.

"That it shall be unlawful for any person, in any hotel, inn, boarding house, eating house, restaurant or other places where meals are served, to serve or cause to be served, or sell or offer any article of food which is ADULTERATED within the meaning of the provisions of an Act entitled, 'An act to prevent fraud in the sale of dairy products, other imitations or substitutes, to prohibit and prevent the manufacture and sale of unhealthful, adulterated or misbranded food, liquor or dairy products, to provide for the appointment of a State Food Commissioner and his assistants, to define their powers and duties, to repeal acts relating to the production, manufacture and sale of dairy products and liquors in conflict therewith, approved May 14, 1907, in force July 1, 1907,' and acts amendatory thereto."

"NOR SHALL ANY SUCH OWNER OR KEEPER OR MANAGER USE ANY ADULTERATED COMPOUND IN COOKING OR PREPARATION OF SAID ARTICLES OF FOOD."

SECTION 2.—In any dining-room or eating-room where adulterated food is used or where oleomargarine or renovated butter or process butter are in use, the bill of fare shall state the facts in the same sized type, and if no bill of fare is used, printed notices shall be posted in a conspicuous place in said dining-room, etc., "so as to be easily seen," etc., "in which notices shall be stated in large letters THE FACT THAT ADULTERATED FOODS AND DRINKS ARE BEING USED FOR FOOD OR FOOD AND DRINK."

SECTION 6.—Provides a penalty in case of violation—a fine of \$100.

This is everything is the bill as to oleomargarine.

SECTION 1.—Makes it, first, unlawful for any owner, keeper or manager to use any adulterated compounds or any adulterated article in the cooking or preparation of said articles of food.

SECTION 6.—Provides a fine for any such person who uses any such adulterated food.

SECTION 2.—Requires a hotel keeper or to put on his bill of fare the fact that he is using adulterated food, or in effect THAT HE IS VIOLATING THE LAW.

READ SECTION 2:—
"If oleomargarine or renovated butter is used, the bill of fare must so state. If no bill of fare is used, the hotelkeeper must post up, in large type, the fact—
"THAT ADULTERATED FOODS AND DRINKS ARE BEING USED FOR FOOD OR FOOD AND DRINK."

—Nothing more.

It does not require the hotelkeeper to post up that he uses oleomargarine. Please refer this to any young man studying law, and inquire what this means.

It did not die in committee.

Why should Senator Manny from Iowa in the corn country introduce such a bill?

If there was a great public demand for this bill, why wait until April 28th to introduce it in the Senate?

SENATE BILL 478 has been said to be an attempt, with a lead pencil, to incorporate the provisions of an Oleomargarine Bill, introduced by Congressman Fuller, in the Illinois State Senate in 1878, and make it fit into the present Dairy and Pure Food Law.

I DO NOT KNOW MR. MCKEY NOR ANY BUTTERINE INTEREST.

Please examine the title of the Bill amended in Section 1:—
"An Act to prevent fraud in the sale of dairy products . . . approved May 14, 1907, in force July 1, 1907."

Then examine SESSION LAWS, 1911, PAGE 519 (House Bill No. 152, approved June 6, 1911).

It will be found that an Act was passed, which is now a law—House Bill 152—which passed the House May 10, 1911, and which passed the Senate May 18, 1911 (Senate Journal, 1453, 1454), which amended and revised the whole Dairy and Food Law, and of which Senate Bill 478 should have become a part, by amendment or otherwise, if its movers desired it to be a constitutional law.

House Bill 152, having passed the House before, passed the Senate May 18, 1911, and then went to the Governor and was signed by him. So that Senate Bill 478 was an attempt to amend a law which was not in existence.

SECTION 2:—
"The hotel and inn must state on their bill of fare if oleomargarine or renovated butter or process butter are used."

The act covers two subjects—Adulterated Foods and also Butterine.

"WHERE THERE IS NO BILL OF FAIR, NOTICES SHALL BE POSTED, IN LARGE LETTERS, STATING THE FACT THAT ADULTERATED FOODS AND DRINKS ARE BEING USED," etc.

It does not require the posting of OLDOMARGERINE.

WHAT A JOKER.

THIS BILL FIRST CAME TO THE HOUSE ONLY FORTY-EIGHT

HOURS PRIOR TO FINAL ADJOURNMENT. IT WAS NOT IN FORM, UNCONSTITUTIONAL, AND, IF WANTED, SHOULD HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED IN THE DAIRY AND PURE FOOD LAW THAT HAD PREVIOUSLY PASSED BOTH HOUSES.

BUTTERINE IN A HOTEL OR RESTAURANT IS TAKEN THERE BY A POLICEMAN FROM THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. THERE IS ALSO A POLICEMAN FROM THE STATE GOVERNMENT GOES ALONG WITH IT TO THE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT. IT PAYS A TAX TO THE GOVERNMENT OF TEN CENTS PER POUND WHEN COLORED, UNDER THE FEDERAL LAW, BEFORE THE PASSAGE OF THIS FEDERAL LAW THERE IS NO CONVICTION ON RECORD, NOT EVEN A JUSTICE COURT UNDER THE STATE LAW. CHARLES H. WAYNE OF ELGIN WAS EMPLOYED BY THE BUTTER INTERESTS AND TRIED CASES FOR MONTHS UNDER THE STATE OLEOMARGERINE LAW AND NEVER SECURED A CONVICTION, AND THE DAIRYMEN NEVER HAD ANY PROTECTION FROM OLEOMARGINE UNTIL THE PASSAGE OF THIS FEDERAL LAW, WHICH IS BEING ENFORCED.

With the working men of Lawrence, Mass., and their children being charged five cents a week for drinking water out of a mill pond, it is more than likely that the Dairy interests will not suffer for another year, for the reason that NEITHER THE HOUSE OR THE SENATE saw fit to incorporate this in and make it a part of the Dairy and Pure Food Law. — And it would look as though Senate Bill 478, an afterthought introduced in the closing days of the session, was introduced for political purposes only.

Do You Now Wonder Why? CAN ANY DAIRYMAN IN LAKE, M'HENRY OR BOONE COUNTY HAVE ANY DOUBT IN HIS MIND AS TO WHY I AM AGAIN A CANDIDATE FOR THE LEGISLATURE? OR CAN HE DOUBT BUT THAT I HAVE BEEN COMPELLED TO BE A CANDIDATE? AND IS IT ANY WONDER THAT I AM FOR THE HON. PAUL MACGUFFIN OF LIBERTYVILLE, IN LAKE COUNTY, FOR A STATE SENATOR FOR THE NEXT FOUR YEARS? AND IF YOU ARE A BELIEVER IN A SQUARE DEAL YOU WILL BE FOR HIM, TOO.

EDWARD D. SHURTELL.

HERE IS BILL 540.

Exact Copy of Measure Which Olson and Lumley Held Up as Horrible—Read It Carefully and Be Your Own Judge of Its Real Character—It Covers Same Lines Advocated and Recommended by Olson in Signed Committee Report, Doesn't It?

4TH G. A. HOUSE BILL NO. 540, 1911
1. Introduced by Committee on Live Stock and Dairying, March 23, 1911.
2. Read a first time, ordered printed and to a second reading.

A BILL
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the suppression and prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals," approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An act to revise the law in relation to the suppression and prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals," approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, be amended and revised by adding to said Act five sections to be known as Sections 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17.

SECTION 13. It shall be unlawful for any railroad company, railway company, steamboat company, corporation, person or persons to ship, convey, transport, lead, drive or bring into the State of Illinois from any other State or country any dairy or breeding animal of the cattle kind, except such dairy or breeding animal be accompanied by a certificate issued and granted under and by virtue of the authority of the State or foreign country from which said animal is shipped, brought or conveyed, certifying under the authority and seal of the said State that said dairy or breeding animal is free from all contagious diseases, including tuberculosis: Provided, however, that animals of the cattle kind, cows, hogs and hells, may be shipped from States and countries outside of the State of Illinois to the Union Stock Yards at Chicago, the stock yards at Peoria and the stock yards at East St. Louis or any public stock yards in the State of Illinois, for the purpose of selling for slaughter and beef, and to points in Illinois for feeding purposes only, in which case the railroad bill of lading of such shipment shall state: "For feeding purposes only," or to any International Live Stock Show, or State Live Stock Show or State Fair in the State of Illinois for exhibition purposes, without said certificate, but for no other purpose.

Sec. 14. It shall be unlawful for any company, corporation, person or persons, wilfully and knowingly, to buy, sell or trade any dairy or breeding animal, cow, hells or bull, shipped, conveyed or brought from outside of the State of Illinois into the State of Illinois for dairy or breeding purposes except and unless said animal is accompanied by a certificate granted by the authority and under the seal of

the State or county from which said animal is shipped, transported or brought, that said animal, cow, hells or bull is free from all contagious and infectious diseases, including the disease of tuberculosis.

Sec. 15. It shall be unlawful for any company, corporation, commission firm, person or persons, at the Union Stock Yards at Chicago, at the stock yards in Peoria or at the stock yards at East St. Louis, or any public stock yards in the State of Illinois, to sell, bargain, trade, ship, transfer, load, drive or take any animal of the cattle kind, cow, hells or bull, for dairy or breeding purposes, at either or any of said stock yards, or from said stock yards, to any point within the State of Illinois, except and unless said animal or animals shall be inspected by and under the authority of the Board of Live Stock Commissioners of the State of Illinois, found and certified by the said board, its agent or deputy, to be free from all contagious and infectious diseases, including the disease of tuberculosis: Provided, that hells and cows may be re-shipped to points in Illinois for feeding purposes only, in which case the railroad bill of lading shall state, "For feeding purposes only." And any person or persons, corporation or company buying, selling, or wilfully and knowingly transporting, carrying, driving or handling any such animal in violation of this Act and contrary to the provisions herein, shall be deemed to have violated the provisions of this section.

Sec. 16. For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act the State Board of Live Stock Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to make all reasonable and necessary rules and regulations.

Sec. 17. Any railroad company, stock yard company, corporation, person or persons violating any provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by both, in the discretion of the court.

PROBABLY MADE NEW RECORD

Jim Wilkins, Taking Place of Horse, Flew Fast Before the Awful Motor Car.

"The first motor car was making its trip through an extremely rural part of Georgia," said Harry A. Wheeler at a recent dinner at Chicago, "and it was causing more trouble than a little to the natives. The country was mountainous and the roads narrow. Suddenly the car stopped at a shout of fear from the front."

"Hey! Olmote time to turn around an' git away from that go-devil, will ya?" came a high pitched voice. The touring party acquiesced and stopped the machine, while the farmer turned his horse and rode away. The agreement was that the machine should wait until the farmer reached a cross road.

"On the way the farmer met Jim Wilkins, who never had even heard of a motor car."

"Batch git outen the way, the first farmer yelled. 'There's one of them gee-hawin', fire, oiltlin' otymbells down th' road. Skeeer thet nag of yours t' death!'"

Wilkins gasped.

"I'll unhitch her an' take her where she can't see it," he decided. He did so, and tied the horse far in the woods. Just then he remembered that he had forgotten to take his buggy out of the road. Hurriedly he ran back, and had just gotten into the shafts to pull the vehicle out of the way when the motor car appeared. The great red, snorting affair was too much for Wilkins. He forgot that he had taken the horse out of the shafts and that he was in its place.

"Whon!" he yelled. "Whon! Whon! Consarn yo, whon!"

"And with that he ran away with the buggy, and didn't stop for three miles."

NOT HER FIRST APPEARANCE

Well Meaning Church Woman Unfortunate in Extending Welcome, as Pastor Had Counseled.

It is embarrassing sometimes, this thing of sudden religious zeal; that is, if you haven't made it a regular business. Witness the mistake made some time ago by a good woman who was a regular attendant at a church down on Chestnut street, says the Louisville Times.

One Sunday morning her pastor preached an inspiring sermon on the subject of welcoming the "Stranger Within Thy Gates." He urged upon his membership the duty of giving a cordial greeting to strangers who happened in at that church.

This good woman was much impressed with his remarks. As she turned around to leave the church, she discovered an unfamiliar face in the pew immediately behind her. With a radiant smile she extended her hand. "I'm glad to see you out this morning," she said.

"Thank you," replied the stranger with a merry twinkle in her eyes.

"Do you come often?" sweetly asked the good woman.

The stranger smiled. "I have been occupying this pew for the past seven years," she said.

There was an embarrassed silence, and then the good woman turned and started out. It was noticeable that she made no further attempt to greet any stranger that morning.

"Dobson is going in for art."

"Why, Dobson can't paint."

"Of course not. He merely wants to get acquainted with a few models."

WOOL BILL PASSED

HOUSE DEMOCRATS PUSH MEASURE THROUGH BY VOTE OF 180 TO 92.

REPUBLICAN INSURGENTS AID

Majority Leaders Believe the People Will Support Their Efforts, Whether or Not Vote Is Used—Issue Up to Taft.

Washington.—The Democratic bill, reducing the tariff duties on wool, clothing, carpets and other products was passed by the house of representatives, 180 to 92.

The measure is identical with the Underwood bill passed by the house last session and the Democratic majority preserved it intact from amendment by the Republicans in putting it through the house.

It provides a 20 per cent ad valorem duty on raw wool, which amounts to about five cents a pound specific duty as compared with the 11 cents in the Aldrich-Payne law.

This and other reductions in the bill average about 47 per cent, and the effect, according to the Democrats, would be a material decrease in the price of clothing and other wool products.

Eighteen Republican progressives and two regulars—Nye and Stevens of Minnesota—voted with the Democrats in favor of the bill, and one Democrat—Francis of Ohio—voted against it.

The stand-pat Republicans were willing to stand for a slight reduction of duties, but contended that the Democratic bill went far beyond any revision justified by the tariff board report.

It is not unlikely the wool bill will go to the president in practically the same form voted by him last session. The duty on raw wool in that instance was increased by the conference committee of the two houses from the original 20 to 25 per cent.

The Democrats and progressive Republicans believe they will be vindicated by the people should President Taft either sign or veto the same bill he vetoed last summer.

GEN. GRANT SERIOUSLY ILL

Said to Be Afflicted With Disease That Killed His Father—Forced to Secure Leave of Absence.

New York.—Though all of the officers at the headquarters of the department of the east on Governor's Island are maintaining discreet silence, it has become known here that Maj. Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, the commander of the department, had quietly left the island on a four months' sick leave. An affliction of the throat, said to be similar to that which caused the lingering illness and final death of his father, Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, is the cause for General Grant's sudden departure from his duty.

It was learned from good authority that General Grant had been suffering from the malady for many months and that it failed to yield to treatment. A short time ago his physician gave imperative orders that he should seek rest and absolute quiet.

It can be said with conservatism that General Grant is a very sick man and that his illness has been of a nature imperative enough to force complete cessation of work on his part. General Tasker H. Bliss is temporarily in command of the department of the east, pending Grant's return.

When General Grant went away and where he is at present are matters which the officers at Governor's Island are keeping secret. They would only admit that Grant had gone away on leave.

400,000 MINERS ARE IDLE

Men Leave Their Work—Unemployment—Sees Resumption in All Fields Shortly.

Indianapolis, Ind.—With only two exceptions the suspension in the coal mining industry of the country, which went into effect when the wage contracts between members of the United Mine Workers of America and the bituminous and anthracite coal operators expired, was general.

Approximately 400,000 miners are idle, the country will miss more than 1,000,000 tons of coal and the employees \$1,000,000 in wages.

President John P. White of the miners, before starting for his home in Oskaloosa, Ia., said he expected the bituminous men to ratify the Cleveland agreement and return to work probably by April 20.

He also predicted a speedy adjustment of a wage contract in the anthracite field, when the miners and operators meet in Philadelphia on April 10. London.—The proposal for the return of the miners to work under the recently passed minimum scale bill has carried in a ratio of about three to two.

Tobacco Men Lose Suit.
New Orleans.—Total damages of \$26,000 were awarded against the American Tobacco company by a jury in the United States district court in the anti-trust suit brought by the People's Tobacco company of New Orleans for alleged conspiracy to destroy competition.

Charles W. Morse in Rome.
Rome.—Charles W. Morse, the former New York banker, with his wife, is at the Excelsior hotel here. Mr. Morse appears to be in good health.

THINKS RESINOL EXCELLENT FOR SKIN

Mrs. O'Brien Could Not Well Do Without It.

So varied are the uses of Resinol that one instinctively turns to it when anything happens. Read what Mrs. John D. O'Brien, of Laurinburg, N. C., says:

"I use Resinol Soap and Ointment regularly, and find they meet my every claim, and could not well do without them. Resinol Ointment is our household remedy for all ailments of the skin, and its results are always satisfactory. We think Resinol Soap excellent and prefer it to all others."

Not only is Resinol Soap highly effective in removing skin affections, but Resinol Ointment has no equal in relieving eczema, scalds and burns, fester, ringworm, barber's itch, milk-crust, pimples, rash, chaps, chilblains, chafing, itching, blackheads, boils, etc. Dealers everywhere sell the Resinol preparations; the ointment in two sizes at fifty cents and a dollar; the soap at twenty-five cents a cake. Free sample of each sent on request. Address Dept. 2, Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

Facetious Operator.

"I say, mister," said the cadaverous man, entering the telegraph office, "could you trust me for a telegram I want to send my wife? I'll pay you tomorrow."

"Sorry, sir," said the operator, "but we are terribly rushed these days and there isn't a clerk in the office that isn't working overtime as it is."—Harper's Weekly.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try It for Red, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists. It is successful in curing many eye troubles. Now dedicated to the public and sold by druggists at 25c and 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Remedy in Ascorbic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Means to Enjoy Closing Years.

Having made a million dollars by the practice of law since he quit politics, former Congressman and Governor Frank S. Black, aged fifty-eight, has confirmed the reports that he has retired. "After a certain point is reached, it isn't money a man should work for, but time. You can't defy human nature," he says.

"ECZEMA ITCHED SO BADLY I COULDN'T STAND IT."

"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. It kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for about a month, then I went to a doctor and got some liquid to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. The itching stopped for about three days, but when it started again, was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more."

"I went to a doctor and he gave me some medicine, but didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I decided to try them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all that night. It took about a week, then I could see the skin come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured."

"My brother got his face burned with gun-powder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but you can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) cured it."

(Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrl, Forest City, Ark., Oct. 16, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Gallant Blind Man.

"Ah, you're a pretty lady."

"What's that? I thought you were blind."

"In a sense only. I never see the ugly women."—Journal Amusant.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch* in Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Discomforts arise from our desires often than from our wants.—Krummacker.

For Constipation, Biliousness, Liver and Kidney Troubles, take Garfield Tea.

Talk to yourself if you want an appreciative audience.

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One lb. package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any garment without rippling apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. HONOLULU, HAWAII.

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One lb. package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any garment without rippling apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. HONOLULU, HAWAII.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for breaking in New Shoes. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

In Chicago.
Ellis—What do you think of him?
Stella—He's too mean to pay all money—even a dollar down and a dollar a month.

Cole's Carbolic Soap quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

On the Trail.
"Does your dance know your age, Lotta?"
"Well—partly."—Flegende Blaetter.

Mrs. Whallow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, 25c a bottle.

What ought not to be done, do not even think of doing.—Epictetus.

ONLY ONE "HOMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE HOMO QUININE. Look for the signature of H. W. GIBB & Co. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day.

There are a few things that even a young man doesn't know.

To restore a normal action to Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels, take Garfield Tea, the mild herb laxative. All druggists.

Many a brave man has lost his nerve in a dentist's chair.

A pretty girl never approves of men who flirt with other girls.

LEWIS' Single Binder straight 5c cigar. You pay 10c for cigars not so good.

An old toper is satisfied if he can keep his head above water.



Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

This supplies pure blood—by aiding digestion, increasing assimilation and imparting tone to the whole circulatory system. It's a heart tonic and a great deal more, having an alternative action on the liver and kidneys, it helps to eliminate the poisons from the blood.

To enrich the blood and increase the red blood corpuscles, thereby feeding the nerves on rich red blood and doing away with nervous irritability, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and do not permit a dishonest dealer to insult your intelligence with the "just as good kind." The "Discovery" has 40 years of cures behind it and contains no alcohol or narcotics. Ingredients plainly printed on wrapper.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of wrapping and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book. Address: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Carbolated Vaseline

The best dressing you can find for wounds, bites of insects, abrasions, etc.

The Carbolated Acid helps to prevent infection: the "Vaseline" cleanses and soothes.

Especially valuable where there are children. For sale everywhere in handy glass bottles. Be sure you get "Vaseline."

Our various "Vaseline" preparations make up a complete medicine chest that should be in every home. Write for free booklet telling all about them. Address Dept. 2.

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GAL-V-A-NITE FLOORING

Takes the place of unsightly carpets—makes housework a pleasure. May be used around the edge of large rugs and for wall-to-wall.

Durable, Sanitary, Inexpensive.

Put up in rolls 33 inches wide—sold by the yard.

Ask your dealer for Gal-V-A-Nite Flooring or send for sample and illustrated Booklet.

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MAIL POUCH

IT'S WORTH YOUR WHILE - TO GIVE IT A TRY

PUTNAM FADELESS D

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One lb. package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any garment without rippling apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. HONOLULU, HAWAII.

VOTE FOR RALPH J. DADY FOR STATE'S ATTORNEY

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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
One copy, one year, in advance, \$1.00
Advertising Rates Will be Furnished Upon
Application

Telephone Antioch 581
THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1912

The Prisoner's Plate.
A restaurant near the Tombs which frequently supplies the city prisoners with meals sent in dinner the other day to a man awaiting trial for burglary. When the dishes came back a message was found on the plate: "Please eat bread thick; I am a poor man." The letters had been cut out of a newspaper and pasted on the china with wet bread. The good-natured restaurant keeper made the slices of bread extra thick and threw in a large piece of apple pie with the next order. When the dishes were returned a grateful "Thanks" was pasted on the plate. No more messages were received for a week, though the restaurant man saw that the prisoner always got something extra. Then one day the empty plate came back bearing the prisoner's farewell: "Good-by and God bless you. I got seven years."

The Boy's Request.
"Mamma."
"Yes, my dear."
"The next time you get married will you please marry a policeman?"

Missouri has sent New York a trainload of turkeys. Money ought to be easy in Missouri now.

Anyway, the Turkish style of trousers is more adapted to aeroplaning and parachuting than is the Italian kind.

In a list of the twenty greatest women the cook should come first.

The champion milkmaid of the world lives in Missouri. Beat it if you can, sir, she said.

The female of the species may be more deadly than the male, but not when there is a mouse in the vicinity.

The New Yorker who pawned his wooden leg didn't have a leg to stand on, physically or financially.

Only Justifiable War.
The only war that the spirit of today can think of without shame is the indignation defense of a homeland which is a home for all.



**The Exact Corset Model
You Should Wear Is
Now at Our Store**

You are invited to call if only to see what a wonderful difference this corset will make in your appearance.

**PARISIANA
CORSETS**

Are not sold according to waist measure. Well dressed women do not select corsets by sizes 21, 22, 23, etc. The style and proportions of the figure determine which of the numerous Parisiana models you should wear and not your waist measure alone. One of these Parisiana models has been boned and tailored to mold your whole figure to the slender, fascinating lines that are so the vogue this day. This figure molding corset is high in price—\$5 and up—and see the designed for day. It represents Bill at Store that "House Bill" led to slaughter.

AUTICON SALES

This is an Invitation to You to Attend the Big

AUCTION SALE

P. B. JOHNSON, Auctioneer.

Having sold my farm, and my wife having allowed me to quit farming, I will sell at public auction at the Evergreen Stock Farm, formerly known as the Washburn-Hanson farm, located 3 miles west of Zion City, 3 miles east of Rosecrans, on the Antioch and Zion City road, on Wednesday, April 10, commencing at 10 o'clock sharp, the following property to-wit: Thirty-five choice full blood and high grade Holstein cows, new milch and close springers. These are all extra heavy producers and are bound to be a credit to any herd; also the herd bull Sir Ormsby Fair Time, 3 young bulls, 30 hofers, all ages. Just a word about these cows: Remember that none but the best stay over night in our barns. Sixteen head of horses, including the registered Percheron Stallion Joe King, as good a foal getter as can be got, black gelding 4 years old weight 1400, span of grays weight 2700, span mares, gentlemen's drivers, standard bred, 5 and 6 years old weight 2200, sorrel mare, fine driver, family broke, 6 years old weight 1000, bay mare 3 years old weight 1000, bay gelding 3 years old weight 1000, bay combination driver and saddle weight 900, pony 5 years old just the one for your boy or girl, sorrel pacer, 500 bu. fine oats, 10 tone alfalfa, 200 shocks good corn, some seed corn, 12-horse power gasoline engine, 6 roller, Appletan corn husker, large size new Holland grinder, pumping engine, 2 1/2 inch canvas belts, 80 and 120 feet lengths, McCormick corn binder, Champion grain binder, Johnston mower, 12 ft hay rake, steel land roller, new gang plow, sulky plow, walking plow, 2 3-section drags, 2 corn planters, 3 corn cultivators, pulverizers, 2 set hobs sleighs, new combination cutter, 3 in farm wagon, handy tire wagon, narrow tire wagon, wagon box, 2 hay racks, set dump boards, heavy milk wagon, light milk wagon, new surrey, top buggy, new 3 sets heavy harness, set light harness, set driving harness, 3 single driving harness, one new, 50 milk cans, milk cart, grind stone, saddle, sleigh bells, and small tools. Good lunch at noon. Usual terms.

P. B. JOHNSON, Prop.
D. G. Bellows and J. A. Reeves, clerks

Having decided to quit farming the undersigned will sell at public auction on the old Wilson farm 5 miles east of Antioch, 1-2 mile north of Pikeville and 4 miles south of Bristol on Wednesday April 10 commencing at 10:00 o'clock, the following property: 17 cows some new milkers the rest springers. Full blood Holstein bull 18 mos. old. Yearling Holstein calf, 2 heavy work horses, 4-year old colt broke double and single, Robert Wilks 3-year old pacer, 6 brood sows, 8 pigs 2-mos old, horse rake, walking plow, sulky plow, seeder, pulverizer, sulky corn cultivator, 2 milk wagons, heavy and light 1 three seated, 4 single buggies, Wide tire heavy wagon, narrow tire wagon and set of springs for same, Rock Island hay loader, drag 2 bobsleighs, cutter, 6 milk pails, strainer, 6 milk cans, grind stone, 2 20-gal meat jugs, cauldron kettle, mail box, shovels and forks, 150 bu white oats, 10 bu wheat, 6 bu choice yellow dent seed corn, 12 bu early Ohio seed potatoes, 8 tons tame hay, 5 bronze turkey hens, 1 pouter, 4 geese 1 gander, 6 ducks, 2 drakes, 125 chickens, 6 tame rabbits, goat and harness, black wolf Shepherd dog, new cider barrel, stoves household furniture and other articles. Usual terms. Lunch at noon. Mrs. Henry Carney, prop. Geo. Vogel auctioneer, J. E. Brook, clerk.

Having decided to discontinue dairying, I will sell at public auction at my farm, 1 1/2 miles south of Millburn, on Friday April 12. Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp the following property to-wit: 20 head of choice young cows, all raised on my farm, in all stages of milk, yearling Holstein bull, gray horse 5 yrs. old wt. 1300 lbs. 400 bu. ear corn, 400 bu. oats clean free from foul seed, suitable for seed, also several tons of hay. Usual terms.

W. A. BONNER, Prop.
Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer.

Announcement

Charles E. Russell, Republican candidate for County Surveyor at the primaries, April 9, 1912. Born and raised in Lake County—7 years with Chicago North Western Ry.—4 years city engineer, Boone, Ia.—3 years in U. S. Harbor construction, Kenosha and Waukegan—7 years in Lake county work. Solicits your support.

Trouble Forecast.
"My wife says women ought to vote," said Mr. Meekton.
"Well, have you any objection?"
"No. But there's going to be a terrible row if the women of our community get the vote and then try to vote for anybody except her."

Odd Tests.
Mother (to inquisitive child)—
"Stand aside. Don't you see the gentleman wants to take the lady's picture?"
"Why does he want to?"
Life.



RALPH J. DADY STATE'S ATTORNEY
Candidate for Re-Election
Primaries Tuesday, April 9, 1912



LEWIS O. BROCKWAY
Clerk of the Circuit Court.
Candidate for Re-Election.

Republican Primaries, April 9, 1912

HIS RECORD
First elected to office November 1900.
Number of documents recorded to date 60,380
Number of cases in court 5,017
Naturalization papers issued (first) 1,088
Naturalization papers issued (second) 543
Total earnings of the office to last annual settlement \$80,029.50
Total expenses 61,596.72
Saving to tax payers \$18,432.78
All of the above facts will be gladly verified by the records.



To the Republican Voters of Lake County

In submitting my name as candidate for the important office of State's Attorney, I pledge to the voters my most earnest and unremitting efforts to enforce the law to the best of my ability, with due regard for the rights and interests of all.
My life since childhood has been spent in Lake County and my interest in a just and reasonable execution of the law is precisely the same as that of every law abiding citizen. The law lays down the powers and duties of the office to which I aspire and defines same. If elected, I will assume those powers and duties with a full sense of the responsibility thereby placed on me.
There is no other promise which such an officer can, in my opinion, properly make, and perform if made.
Respectfully
ELHANAN W. COLBY.



"From the Raw to the Finished Product"—A 72-page booklet, descriptive of the "Chicago AA" process of manufacture. Contains 44 half-tone engravings from photos taken at the mill and the company. FREE if called for.



Use "Chicago AA" Portland Cement
"The Best That Can Be Made"

GOODRICH LUMBER CO.
Antioch, Ill.

Shurtleff's Announcement.

TO THE REPUBLICAN VOTERS OF THE EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT:

I hereby announce myself as a Candidate for Representative in the Lower House of the General Assembly, subject to the Republican Primaries to be held April 9, 1912.

For twelve years I have supported and helped pass through the House an appropriation for \$2,500 for the benefit of the Dairyman's Association in compiling, publishing and distributing its reports and other necessary expenses. This is a regular appropriation always passed.

A few years ago I instituted an appropriation of \$1000 for the Illinois State Milk Producers' Institute, which has been appropriated at every session since and had my support in the House. This is now a regular appropriation.

I am opposed to the State Highway Commission at Springfield, appointed by the Governor or otherwise, having the right to lay out and route the first-class roads in any county, upon which work shall be done first, which, in effect, merely provides and is proposed for an Automobile Highway and not for the common public which uses the roads.

I am opposed to the State Highway Commission, or any board at Springfield, having the Control, Direction or Management or doing anything further than systematic advice and along educational lines. It is destructive of Local Self-Government.

I favor the Automobile License Money being distributed over the State equally to Townships, according to their physical measurements outside of cities, and not according to their assessed valuation. An automobile injures the roads in a poor Township the same as in a good one.

I am opposed to Tax Assessments being tried by Appeal by a Board at Springfield, appointed by the Governor or otherwise.

I am opposed to a law authorizing Re-assessment of Property in any Taxing District by any Clerk sent from Springfield. It is destructive to Local Self-Government.

I am opposed to the Control and Management of the Public Schools being taken out of the hands of the County Superintendent and the Local authorities and placed in the hands of a "Council of Education" at Springfield.

I favor the Best Legislation for the Actual Dairyman of the Eighth Senatorial District, and I protest against the Milk Producers' Association being used for Political Purposes.

Very Respectfully,
EDWARD D. SHURTLEFF.

GEORGE W. PAULLIN

Republican Candidate
For Congress



GEORGE W. PAULLIN, Republican Candidate for Congress Tenth District, has been active in mercantile and public affairs in Chicago for over twenty-five years. Although educated as a lawyer and admitted to the bar of this State, he selected mercantile business as his field of endeavor and has succeeded in establishing himself as a leading Fur importer and manufacturer. In 1905 he was elected a Trustee of the Sauttery District of Chicago, on a platform of Aggressive Honesty. He was re-elected in 1908 and has served continuously as chairman of the committee on Judiciary. He was a member of the Chicago Charter convention; for ten years a director of the Evanston Public Library; has served on many important civic committees and always has been an uncompromising foe of vicious legislation. He earnestly solicits your support on his public and private record.
HE IS AN ACTIVE, NOT A PASSIVE MEN

SUPPLEMENT TO THE ANTIOCH NEWS



FRANK R. COVEY,

Belvidere, Illinois.
Boone County has not had a Republican member of the Legislature for four years. Will you not help give "Little Boone" a square deal?

Announcement of Candidacy

Mortimer R. Miller, announces his candidacy for County Surveyor, subject to the Republican Primaries, to be held April 9th, 1912, and respectfully solicits your assistance and vote.

Announcement

I hereby announce myself a candidate for republican nomination for county surveyor of Lake County, primaries sday, Tue April 9, 1912

W. H. STUDER.

Spectacles Scientifically Fitted



C. F. INGALLS & BRO.

Jewelers and Opticians

112 Genesee St., Waukegan, Illinois

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Brokers

Number 24 North Dearborn St.

Diamonds, Watches and all kinds of Jewelry

at less than cost. At half the price you pay

regular stores. Dec 19 01 yf

Lotus Camp No. 557 M. W. A.

Meets at 7:30 the first and

third Monday evening of

every month in Woodmen

hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting

Neighbors always welcome.

ED. GARNETT, V. C.

J. C. James, Clerk

BANK OF ANTIOCH

EDWARD BROOK

BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange and do a

General Banking Business

SEQUOIT LODGE No. 87, A. F. & A. M.

hold regular communications the first and

third Wednesday evenings of every month.

Visiting brethren always welcome.

GEORGE WALLIS, W. M.

FRANK HUBER, Sec'y

The Eastern Star meets second and fourth

Thursdays of each month.

MABEL GRIMM, W. M.

IDA OSBORN, Sec'y

301 Washington Street

Waukegan, Illinois

E. V. ORVIS

Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice in

courts. Farm property for sale. Insurance

and collection of wages a specialty.

Fire and Life Insurance

301 Washington Street

Waukegan, Illinois

J. C. JAMES, JR.

UNDERTAKER

LICENSED EMBALMER

Licensed by the State Board

of Health

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

Real Estate

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several

Good Companies

Accident, and Life Insurance, Reasonable

Rates and Good Companies

J. C. James, Jr., Antioch, Ill.

AN ERA OF PAPER.

It is interesting to learn that as the material for making paper grows scarcer, the uses to which paper can be put, become more numerous. In Chicago they have found a way to make paper garments. These are rapidly coming into use in hospitals. They are airy and flexible, and are made from the bark of the paper mulberry tree. Another comparatively new form of paper fabrics is the paper bag for cooking, and this has rapidly developed an important line of trade, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. There are factories for paper bottles and paper grain bags in Philadelphia, and in one of the New England cities an ingenious person manufactures paper cigars. Paper noreeshoes have been on the market for some time and, on or there are promised. Over in Germany an ingenious inventor has made a reinforced paper that can be used in constructing houses and ships, and automobiles, and even in paving streets. Possibly one of these extremely clever inventors may, in time, invent a substitute for paper itself that will promptly quiet the increasing alarm over a growing scarcity. Otherwise it will be impossible to maintain that the new paper products are to be preferred on the score of economy.

The bicycle craze as a craze is history printed and put away upon the dusty shelves. But bicycle popularity is still a very lively thing, a long way from the time when the services of the obituary writer are suggested. There are not so many factories as there were in the nineties when bicycles were masters of the road, but the factories which have survived turn out more wheels in a given time than any did in the nineties, turn them out better, their managers declare, and market them at one-fourth the old price. Improvements have been made and by the standardization of parts costs have been cut down amazingly. The best thing about the bicycle today is that it is owned by those who need it most—the wage-earner, the messenger boy, the school boy and the school teacher. As an engine of peril it has been utterly eclipsed, but as a cheap and exceedingly handy vehicle the motor car can never hope to rival it.

It is reported that the navy department has an offer of \$8,000,000 for the battleships Iowa, Indiana and Massachusetts and the protected cruisers Minneapolis and Columbia, which are soon to be retired on account of age. The contract price for the hulls and machinery of these five ships was \$14,551,000. After all that has been said about the rapid decline in the value of warships, the price mentioned looks bigger than might be expected. Of course, it is likely that if the ships are sold, they will be bought by South American countries, which, fortunate for themselves, are not entered in the race for giant ships.

The Chicago Legal Aid society has exposed a case of usury in which a loan shark made a woman pay \$500 on a loan of \$25 in the course of fifteen years. The mother borrowed the money to save her son from trouble. The loan shark exacted ten per cent a month and took advantage of her fear of having the transaction exposed to her husband, of whom she stood in dread. The bare recital of such villainy as this makes the blood boil.

An Austrian army officer who is suing an American heiress for breach of promise has been court-martialed for conduct unbecoming an officer. Our opinion of Austrian nobility has risen fully 50 per cent.

A Connecticut woman found a \$300 diamond in a leg of lamb she was about to cook. The restaurant oyster with its precious pearl is now out-classed, and legs of lamb with potential wealth threaten to be all the rage.

Men, according to the results of investigations of the Societe Jernaise, is five hundred thousand years old. And sometimes after a hard day's sprint to the wake of the elusive dollar, he feels every minute of it.

Science takes a fall out of romance by proving that half cannot turn white in a single night, but many a brunette has become a blonde in that length of time.

A Delaware farmer claims to have raised the largest pumpkin on record. If it is true the pumpkin covers half the little state of Delaware.

A club of women has been organized in Brooklyn to stop gossiping. This is one of the signs of the millennium showing faintly on the horizon.

WHAT LAKE COUNTY VOTERS SHOULD DO

The voters of Lake County should not take a chance on having no Representative at Springfield. There is no need of advancing arguments to convince voters that the above statement is true, everyone admits it.

In voting for a candidate the voter should consider whether he is making it count. He should not vote for a man who has no chance, particularly when there is another candidate in the field who is fully as good and whose chances are better.

David H. Jackson is a candidate for Representative. Two years ago in a fight, made single handed, when Lake County was divided by three strong candidates, he came within a few votes of landing the nomination. He has always been a Republican and has worked hard for the party with the result that now nearly all the party leaders in Lake County are rallying to his support. He is easily the strongest candidate in every part of the County. He is the only candidate for the office who has issued anything in the nature of a platform, his record in the past is open to inspection, and all Republicans should give him three votes to beat a McHenry County man.

TWO YEARS GOOD SERVICE SHOULD MEAN TWO MORE

When Andrew Russell was state treasurer from 1908 to 1910 he devoted his time unreservedly to the duties of that office. He realized that the responsibility of his position and the result was evidenced by the great increase in the net profits to the state from his office.

He turned into the state treasury almost \$100,000 as interest on state funds and over \$2,000,000 inheritance tax.

Mr. Russell established civil service in his office and made efficiency the one standard. For 38 years he has been an Illinois banker and he is certainly qualified by experience and training for the post he is seeking. A loyal Republican he has been fighting the battle of his party for years and he is staunch in the faith of the Republican Candidate for State Treasurer.

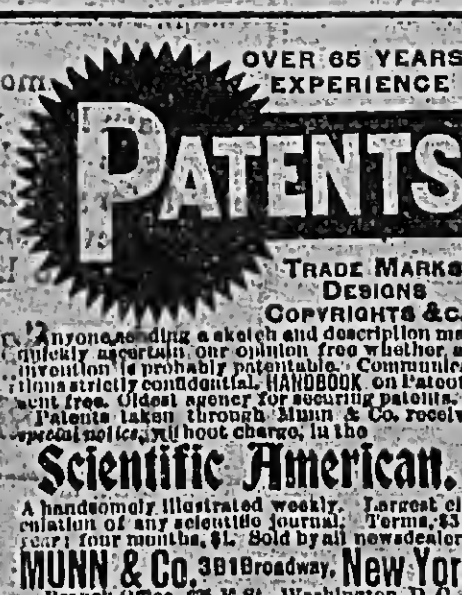


ANDREW RUSSEL,

Republican Candidate for State Treasurer.

A VOTE FOR ANDREW RUSSEL FOR STATE TREASURER APRIL 9TH

Will Be a Ballot for a Man Who Richly Deserves Your Support.



Japanese Shun Factory Life.
Of the Japanese factory laborer the average "work life" is short, very few being able to last longer than five years. Hence the rural population hesitates to migrate to the city when country employment is abundant.

Its Origin Lost.

The property of the English crown has been marked with the broad arrow from times so early that no one can now tell when it was first used for this purpose or what was its meaning.

Inoperative Adage.

"Politics makes strange bedfellows," said the ready-made philosopher. "Not out our way," rejoined Senator Sorghum. "When a man gets into politics there he doesn't have time to sleep."

The Latest Cut.

The young man was disconsolate. Said he: "I asked her if I could see her home." "Why, certainly," she answered; "I will send you a picture of it."—Ladies Home Journal.

March of Progress.

"I see they have torn down a 20-story shack in New York to get a site to put a building on." "Yes," and they are using last year's draughts for targets."

Well Connected.

"Yes," remarked the telephone girl as she gazed out at the waves and wondered what their number was. "I am connected with the best families in our city."—Catholic Universe.

For Perfect Peace.

Nothing can bring peace but yourself. Nothing can bring you peace but the triumph of principles.—Emerson.

He Is Immune.

The curious thing is why the hookworm never seems to attack the middleman.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Where Honor Is Due.

"It is indeed a desirable thing to be well descended, but the glory belongs to our ancestors."—Plutarch.

Certain of Success.

I mean to make myself a man, and if I succeed in that I shall succeed in everything.—Garfield.

Girls Work In Poolhall.

Gary, Ind.—A request made by the Chicago police department asking the Gary police to find a fourteen-year-old girl named Wiseman, brought to light the fact that the girl was employed in a Greek poolroom. Mrs. R. Charlton, police matron, has found that 12 foreign poolrooms employ girls under sixteen years old to serve coffee in the pool rooms where Greeks, Bulgarians and Macedonians congregate daily.



JOSEPH E. ANDERSON

Republican Candidate for Re-Election

State Representative Eighth

Senatorial District

Your Support Will be Appreciated



ARTHUR BULKLEY

Candidate For Republican

Nomination For

STATES ATTORNEY

Primary, April 9, 1912

For Sale by B. H. Overton

Poor Sustenance.

Hope soon grows gaunt when it is

fed on nothing but promises.

BARKER'S

is the medicine for

Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds

and Catarrh. All Dealers

For Sale by B. H. Overton

Poor Sustenance.

Hope soon grows gaunt when it is

fed on nothing but promises.



New Undertaking Rooms

The undersigned has purchased the undertaking business from Wm White, and will in the future conduct same in the Klien Building. There will be a large office and show room, where will be displayed and extensive line of supplies from which selections can be made. A full line of caskets will be carried in stock, in this manner I can assure absolute satisfaction. G. E. Strang of Grayslake will be in charge until L. G. Strang can close up his business in Iowa. We have our hearses and give close application to our work. Call in and see the new rooms.

L. G. STRANG
Antioch, Illinois

Harness should be oiled once a year

Just before spring work is the best time to have it done. I have an oiling tank holding one barrel of harness oil, in which I want to oil your harness for \$1.00 per set. The oiling will be thoroughly done. It will save you a disagreeable job. It will penetrate the around buckles and all other parts and cheaper than you can do.

H. J. BROG
The Harness Man

VOTE FOR PAUL MacGUFFIN FOR STATE SENATOR



JOHN E. REARDON
Republican Candidate for Circuit Clerk

TO THE VOTERS OF LAKE COUNTY: SUPPOSE MR. BRUCKWAY SHOULD DIE.

Inasmuch as my opponent is claiming through the medium of the press, that HIS management of the office of Circuit Clerk is so superior that he must be continued in office if the voters desire the same degree of efficiency continued, compels me to resort to the same medium to explain the true situation as I believe it to be.

HONEST NOW, MR. VOTER, is it possible that there is only ONE man in Lake County who is capable enough to properly discharge the duties of the office of Circuit Clerk, and that ONE man, the present incumbent.

SUPPOSING MR. BROCKWAY SHOULD DIE (which God forbid), what would become of that office? Would the Circuit Court be unable to do business, or would some successor be found some place, some where who would discharge the duties of the office with the same degree of efficiency as is claimed to now exist?

So far as Mr. Brockway's "Record" is concerned, it discloses no more than the law of this State compels any Circuit Clerk to do, and what he calls "Savings to Tax Payers" is nothing more or less than the net earnings of the office, and must be turned over to Lake county where it properly belongs.

As to my fitness for the office I seek, I have referred, and do now refer, without permission, to the Judges of the Courts, and to every member of the Lake County Bar with whom I have the honor to be personally acquainted. Even the Judges of the Courts in their letter endorsing my opponent, do not say I am not fit or capable.

I began work in 1896 as a stenographer and typewriter in the law office of Judge Whitney and W. C. Upton, remained with that firm until they dissolved partnership in 1903, and have been with Mr. Upton ever since, and am now in his employ.

I wish to ask you, Mr. Voter, if you think it is fair that one man should hold office for all time, to the exclusion of all others? Should a man after he has been elected to public office, feel that the office belongs to him individually; or, should he, after serving a reasonable length of time, be willing to step out, say he has had enough, thank the voters for supporting him, and be willing to give others a chance?

My opponent, campaigned Lake county in 1898 against William M. Ragan, then Circuit Clerk, using his only argument that eight years, or two terms was long enough for any man to hold public office, and remain in the Court House. My friends maintain if eight years was long enough in 1898, according to my opponent's argument, then surely the length of time he has served in the Court House now should satisfy him.

A great many of the voters I have talked with had hoped Mr. Brockway would not be a candidate again as he had widely promised four years ago he would not, but he is, and of course, he has that right. I have in my possession affidavits made by men throughout Lake county to whom Mr. Brockway made the statement that he would not be a candidate again, and those men embody in their affidavits the fact that they are opposing him at this time for the reason they feel he should keep his word as given to the voters in 1908.

I feel that I have made a clean campaign, and I believe I am going to win. I would like to, I have talked personally with over 5000 voters in Lake county, and at all times, and in all portions of the county I have met with encouragement. Whether I win or lose, I know that I have not only the confidence, respect and good will of my friends, but the confidence, respect and good will, I hope, of the men who are my opponent's strongest supporters.

JOHN E. REARDON.

DIDN'T TRUST HIS LAWYER

Shrewd Client Paid Fee in Advance to Learn if He Had Reasonable Chance of Winning.

It was told at luncheon at the Lawyers' club the day before the Equitable building burned down. A group of legal luminaries were gathered about a table discussing the apparent impossibility of insuring the honesty of any man, and it was contended that there was no remedy for it save to pick out your man and trust him absolutely. No matter what safeguards you might hedge him about with, if he was dishonest he would contrive to cheat somehow. One of the lawyers told this story to emphasize his point:

A client went into a lawyer's office in Fulton street and said that he had a grievance with his neighbor and wanted to go to law. He stated all the circumstances of the case and counsel listened attentively. The case fully stated, the client asked:—

"Well, those are the facts. Do you think I'm in the right safe enough to win if I go to law with him?"

"If the facts are as stated you certainly have got a case. If I were in your case I should begin suit," answered the lawyer.

"And how much would your fee be for taking the case and pushing it clear through?"

"Oh, I'll see it through for you for a hundred dollars."

The shrewd client produced from an inside pocket a well worn wallet, from which he extracted a roll of bills and peeled off one hundred dollars.

"There," said he, "that's yours. It's your fee. That's all you'd get if you tried the case. Now, without doing any work on it at all, just tell me, honestly, whether I've any chance of winning the case."

HE DEPENDED ON HIS WIFE

How the Mearrighted Old Man At last Slept Himself to Death, Never Eating.

It seems that an old man with some property, and married an elderly lady, the lady was a sprightly dame, executive, lively and keen. The bridegroom could not see more than an inch beyond his nose, and he was pretty hard of hearing, too. So he depended a good deal on his wife, you understand. He'd wake up in the morning and wonder if it wasn't time to get up for breakfast. So he'd slide out of bed and look into his wife's room. If she was up, he'd begin dressing; if she was still in the hay, he'd go back and have another nap. Well, the lady got on to this habit of his. She fixed up a dummy out of bedclothes one morning just before she went downstairs. The old man came into the room as usual, later, squinted at the bed and said, "Anna's still asleep," and went right back to the feathers. After he had slept awhile he took another observation. Same business.

It was ten days before he found out how his wife had been fooling him. He blime near slept himself to death, meanwhile. He never had a meal and he got weaker and weaker, but he never got up. He didn't know it was morning yet. And the old lady had the time of her life: she had saved \$14.25 in groceries alone.

Higgins, the driver of the pie wagon, told us this. And he swears it's true, but we swear not at all.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Arbitration.

"Papa, what does 'arbitration' mean?" "It means that when two powers of equal strength get hold of a smaller country, they agree to divide it equally."—Life.

Going to Move?

If you haven't been living in a house that is wired for electricity, pick out one this time that is.

If you have been living in a wired house, our advice is unnecessary; for you wouldn't think of moving into one that is not wired.

A wired house means a great deal more than the only absolutely safe light; it means a relief from many forms of domestic drudgery, at a surprisingly small cost, and affords many inexpensive little luxuries that you couldn't otherwise enjoy.

Visit our demonstration room and learn how much work a few cents worth of electricity will do for you; how much pleasure a few cents' worth will enable you to have.

Public Service Co.
of Northern Ill.

To the Republican Voters of Lake County



Next Tuesday, April 9th, is Primary Election day.

I have endeavored to meet the voters of the district and while the short time in which I had to make a canvas, made it impossible to see all of them, I have met a sufficient number privately and in public meetings to assure me that I will be nominated, if a good vote is cast.

I hope you will find time to go to the polls and weigh carefully all that has been said to you through the press and from the platform, and then mark your ballot as your conscience dictates, taking into consideration the duty you owe your home, your family and your state.

I am not endorsed or pledged to any organization, or set of men on any question relating to the people's welfare, nor have I sought such. I have made my campaign with the sole object in view of getting that to which Lake County is rightfully entitled—the State Senatorship.

The next General Assembly will be obliged to re-apportion the State and Lake County should have a man in the Senate to see to it that we are not placed in a position senatorially where we now are congressionally—hitched to a few Cook County Wards.

It is Lake County's turn to have the Senator.

McHenry County has had the Senator during the past four years, and never during the past forty years has any of the three counties comprising the district, asked to have the Senator for two successive terms.

Much more than the personality of any candidate enters into the matter and Lake County—your county—should be considered first.

To all who have aided my candidacy, to all who have given me their best wishes and made less arduous the work of the political campaign, I extend thanks and assure them should I be nominated and elected, I will go into the office untied, unpledged and hope at the end I may hand over to the people the trust they placed in my charge without having in anywise violated a confidence, and with a knowledge that every duty has been rightfully fulfilled as I see it.

Sincerely yours,

PAUL MacGUFFIN.

That Wooling Ham.

Ham, it has always seemed to us, varied more than any other articles over which blessings are mumbled in degree to palatableness, fragrance and invitation. The variation is due to the manner of approach. If a person is off his appetite, ham does the best when served as an Arizona breakfast—something else for the man and the ham for the dog.

But supposing you have been hunting, rising early and staying late. You have lost your lunch. You have to trudge home over a hard road. You pass a farmhouse, and from its open door there comes the sound of sizzling ham and the heavenly breath of its perfume. It matters not if it is ham sprang from a razorback hog in the wilds of Arkansas, you recognize that that ham is the most glorious flower that grows, the world's pillar of fire by night, the sweet influence of the Pleiades and the deliverance from envy, hatred and malice and all uncharitableness. For the next three miles you can't say a word to your companion because of a watering mouth.

Neo-Reliefs of the Stone Age.

Some large bas-reliefs dating from the Stone Age have just been discovered at Lanocel, in the French province of Dordogne. They are sculptured on the rock of a shallow grotto, and solely represent animals. It is thought that the primitive sculptors probably refrained from introducing the human figure in art by a taboo similar to the present Mohammedan taboo on such representation. The animals shown in the reliefs are reindeer, oxen, blouses, and a huge horse of prehistoric dimensions.

Irony of Fate.

The irony of fate was disclosed in the story of the man who in an effort to escape a trolley car and an automobile was run over by a horse.—New York World.

MOST PATIENT OF THIEVES

In San Francisco a Man Was Discovered Stealing the Parts of Roller Skates.

Out at the Coliseum skating rink there has been discovered evidence of one of the most patient and hopeful thieves in America. A day or two ago he undertook to steal a pair of skates piecemeal, but the evidence of his work was discovered and he remains in possession of three wheels, a bolt or two and a couple of pieces of metal that can be of no earthly use without the remaining sections of the skates, which remain in possession of the management. To compensate for the loss the Coliseum stands in possession of one felt hat, with the name of the dealer cut out of the band and a gap where the owner's initials were carried.

To evade the regulations of the rink the optimistic crook was obliged to carry an extra hat or cap and a set of tools which enabled him to take the skates apart. The unpurloined portions were discovered by a special policeman in an unfrequented corner of the pavilion.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Staining Glass.

The art of colored glass has been lost and refound, guarded and stolen so many times during the history of civilization that it seems almost impossible to say anything new on glass staining. Yet a process has been discovered for making the stained glass used in windows which is a departure from anything known to the old times.

The glass first receives its design in mineral colors, and the whole is then fired in a heat so intense that the coloring matter and the glass are indissolubly fused. The most attractive feature of this method is that the surface acquires a peculiar pebbled character in the heat, so that when the glass is in place the lights are beautifully soft and mellow.

Kindly Serbs.

The editor of the Weekly Plain Dealer is a charitable sort of fellow," commented Farmer Horaback, in the midst of his perusal of the village newspaper, wherein he had encountered an example of the line.

peculiar perversity, says the article on the death of Late Dad sack, who, betwixt me and you hadn't much to recommend him except that he wasn't quite as bad some time as he was others, he says that the deceased was generally regarded as hljdytemwypvbgkbgkbgkbrzhrlrtdysbrdrl.

"And I guess that's about as near as anybody could get to making an estimate of the departed without hurting his relatives' feelings."

Snake Had Lived on Eggs.

On his morning round for eggs recently, Michael Holsman of Castle O., reached into a hen's nest and touched an object that made him jump back quickly. A closer examination showed a big spotted snake coiled in the nest. Beating a hasty retreat, Holsman secured a shot and on reaching the nest noticed that the snake had swallowed a china egg and was gradually working down his throat. It was but the work of a moment to blow off the head of the reptile. Holsman then recalled the fact that his egg supply had dwindled recently, and he thinks that snake, with perhaps its mate, began making forays on the roost some time.

"To Doun" a Hymn of the

Hallowed by old association fraught with many memories are great church hymns like the "Doun," which for more than a thousand years has been the song of Christendom. It was chanted at baptism of Clovis and sung at the jubilee of Queen Victoria. It was also after Agincourt and Wete and on all solemn occasions when heart of the people has been moved to thanksgiving for victory and peace.

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market



WONDER HAT'S

THE VERY LATEST AT WEBB'S

ELGIN, ILL., April 1—Butter firm at 30c. Output for the week 775,000 lbs.

Did you get April fooled?

Latest Eastegies at Webb's.

Nobby up-to-date shoes at Webb's.

Buy your Easter bonnet at Webb's.

Mrs. Chase Webb is quite ill with erysipals.

Remember that next Tuesday is the day to vote.

Mildred Blunt was an over Sunday visitor in Milwaukee.

W. J. Whitman of Grayslake was in Antioch Wednesday.

Warren Williams returned Wednesday from Doniphan, Mo.

The surprise party club gave Miss Elizabeth Webb a surprise party at her home Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Garwood of Chicago were in attendance at the funeral of Lincoln Garwood on Monday.

The Waukegan rug man will be in Antioch to gather carpets on Tuesday April 9.

For Sale or Rent—A house and three acres of land. Inquire of E. Sheehan, Loon Lake, Ill.

On page two of this issue there will be found an article by Edward D. Shurtleg, giving facts and figures concerning the milk question. Read it.

The Antioch school opened again on Monday after having been closed a couple of weeks on account of a diphtheria scare.

Found—Good horse blanket. Owner may have same by calling at this office proving property and paying for this ad.

For Rent—House and garden, three quarters of a mile west of Loon Lake. Inquire of Sam Armstrong, Antioch, Route 1.

For Rent—Channel Lake hotel, good location for summer resort or club house. Good garden and grounds. Apply to Mrs. A. B. Paddock, Antioch, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Morefield of Seward, Neb. were called here last week by the serious illness of Mrs. Morefield's brother Lincoln Garwood.

Hair goods made to order from your combings or cut hair, or I will furnish hair to match any shade. Call or mail orders. Mrs. Albert Dibble, box 276, Antioch, Ill.

There will be Lutheran services in German at the Christian church next Sunday, held by Rev. Jedele of Wilmet. Holy communion will also be served. Services will begin at 2:15 p. m.

Mortimer R. Miller, candidate for County Surveyor, did the Engineering work for Union Drainage District No. 1, Vernon Drainage District No. 1, and Vernon Drainage District No. 2, all in Lake County, during the past year.

Mrs. Frank Richardson of Burlington a cousin of Mrs. W. H. Osmond and J. C. James and aunt of Mrs. Oliver Cubbon, died on Monday of this week. Mr. and Mrs. Osmond are attending the funeral at Burlington today (Thursday.)

Shoninger Pianos are now sold by Alden, Bldinger & Co., in addition to those they have sold heretofore. See them for anything in the music line. Two stores, 456 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan.

I will sell at public auction, on April 11, on my farm two miles east of Grayslake, all my farm machinery and stock. All of my household goods will also be sold. Terms strictly cash. The sale starts at 1 o'clock p. m.

Richard Martin, prop., Grayslake Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hillebrand and family had a narrow escape from asphyxiation Tuesday night, when water in the furnace extinguished the fire in the furnace and forced the gas fumes through the registers into the rooms above. Fortunately the family was awakened before the results were very serious although they were all quite ill the next day.

New up-to-date shirts at Webb's.
A new line of Hole-proof hosiery at Webb's.

Reduced prices on a few made to order suits at Webb's.

Wanted—A second hand bicycle. Telephone Antioch 531.

Joe. Filweber purchased a team of horses in Chicago Monday.

Mrs. Mary Price of Los Angeles, Cal. is visiting with Mrs. W. S. Rinear this week.

Easter services at the M. E. church next Sunday. Special music. Morning topic "He is Risen."

Children's Easter program at the Sunday School hour, 11:45 a. m. Every body is invited to attend.

For Sale Cheap—A three horse power Fairbanks, Morse gasoline engine, used two years. Inquire at this office.

There will be a rally at the Antioch open house this (Thursday) evening, addressed by Geo. P. Englehard, candidate for congress in this district.

Notice

Before buying elsewhere, give me a call, and look over my samples and styles of spring suits, made by the Victor Tailoring Co. All alterations made free of charge. I also have a fine line of the latest spring and summer dress goods by the yard.

Mrs. A. G. Watson

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our neighbors and friends for their many acts of kindness in our recent affliction in the death of our brother and uncle, and especially do we thank the old soldiers for their services.

Miss Ida Rogers

Miss Fannie Denick

Jasper Denick

On Life's Journey.

We are not made to be good in this world, but to try to be, and fall and keep on trying; and when we get a cake to say, "Thank God!" and when we get a buffet to say, "Just so; well hit!"—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Turned Her Gold Into Nugget.

Mme. Couly of Romorin, France, who had concealed \$400 in gold in her kitchen grate during a brief absence, forgot all about it on her return, and lit a fire which converted her whole fortune into a gold nugget.

Why Not Patriots in Wax?

Suggestion for Exhibitions of Effigies Comes From the Shows Common in England.

How many school children would recognize historical personages, other than perhaps Washington and Lincoln, if they met them face to face? A South Side matron recently returned from a tour of the British Isles, was speaking. She said:

"In Great Britain every little town has its wax works show. It is a mystery to me why we Americans with our far-famed business sagacity have so long neglected so fertile a field. They are as common and as cheap there as moving picture shows are here. In these places all the famous characters of history and literature are depicted. A school child is able to go into a wax works show and get an accurate idea of the costumes, faces and figures of any particular time. How many of us can get such an idea from a pile of clothing lying ticked on a museum shelf?"

Mme. Tusaud's wax works in London are probably the most complete of its kind in the world. Thousands of figures and scenes are depicted in so close imitation of life that one really lives history over again there."

Specimen Ballot

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH

Election Tuesday, April 16, 1912,

CISIZENS' TICKET

For Trustees—Full term (Vote for Three)

☐ B. F. NABER

☐ H. J. BROGAN

☐ L. H. FELTER

For Clerk

☐ L. M. HUGHES

For Treasurer

☐ W. F. ZIEGLER

PEOPLES' TICKET

(By Petition)

For Trustees—Full Term (Vote for Three)

☐ J. B. BURNETT

☐ ELMER BROOK

☐ W. S. RINEAR

For Clerk

☐ E. L. SIMONS

For Treasurer

☐ E. L. SIMONS

C. G. FOLTZ CO.

Burlington, Wisconsin

April is the month for house cleaning and re-furnishing of the house. It will well repay you to visit our large carpet department now. About fifty rolls of carpet from which to make selection, prices from 35c. to 75c. per yard. 75 large rugs now shown from \$8.00 to \$40.00, the prettiest lot of rugs we have ever shown. We offer you the best values that it is possible to give. See Our lace curtains, drapery, nets, fancy colored scrims and certain goods of ever kind, beautiful designs.

Special attention called to our bargain basement, hundreds of ends of silkline, curtains scrims, nets, etc., at way down low prices

200 brussels and velvet carpet ends just received this week, low prices put on them, they sell out fast, try and get some of them.

C. G. FOLTZ CO.



The Easter Rush

is on in earnest and most of it is in this direction. People have got into the habit of relying on this store for shoes of quality and they are never disappointed. If your Easter needs include shoes make it a point to see ours and you'll see the needlessness of seeking farther for either better qualities or bigger values.

J. R. CRIBB

The City Shoe Store

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

Shoes For Easter

Children's, oxfords, pumps and patent leather shoes from \$1.00 up

Boy's patent leather and gunmetal button shoes \$1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and 2.25

Same in lace

Boy's and young men's patent, gunmetal and tan oxfords \$1.75 to \$3.50, all new and up-to-date

Girls and misses oxfords, pumps and button boots, all new and bought especially for Easter, Look at our Ladies' white pumps for \$1.50

Don't make any mistake, here is the place to buy them.

Antioch Cash Shoe Store

GOOD SHOES

MARCH BARGAINS

Groceries

Hoyt's best flour sack	\$1.35
Ceresota flour sack	1.50
Armours lard, lb.	.11
Armours compound, lb.	.08
Qt. can Bismarck pickles	.19
Maple leaf cheese, pkg.	.07
Orion corn flakes	.05
17 lbs. granulated sugar	1.00
7 bars Fairy soap	.25
12 bars Calumet family soap	.25
Bottle St. Croix maple syrup	.20
Yacht club salad dressing	.20
Pound bakers chocolate	.30
Kellogg's corn flakes	.07
Pound pail bugle tobacco	.30
7 pkgs dukes mixture	.25
7 10c pkgs old mill tobacco	.60
Pound pail white seal tobacco	.30
10 lb. pail spiced herring	.85
4 cans mustard sardines	.25
Fancy full cream cheese	.20
Smoked herring boned and skinned, lb.	.18
Sulphur, lb.	.08
Epsom salts	.10

Qt. can pine tar

Denatured alcohol qt.

Patent Medicines

Peruna	.85
Lydia Pinkhans compound	.85
Caldwells syrup of pepsin	.43
St. Jacobs oil	.43
Syrup of figs	.43
Watkin's or Wards Liniment	.43
Shoop's cough syrup	.43
Foley's honey and tar	.43
Sloan's Liniment	.88
Sloan's Liniment	.43
Castoria	.28
Electric bitters	.43
Hood's sarsaparilla	.85
Hood's sarsaparilla	.85
Father John's medicine	.58
Kodol	.39
Scotts Emulsion cod liver oil	.85
Beecham's Pills	.22
Carbolic salve	.22
Groves Bromo Quinine	.22
Camphor gum, oz. cake	.05

BATTERSHALL'S DEPARTMENT STORE

GRAYSLAKE

ILLINOIS

WILLIAM HILLEBRAND

General Merchandise

All Goods Sold for Cash Only

Our Line of Groceries are just a little cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere. Not only those quoted below, but our entire stock at corresponding low prices. We quote a few prices that will interest you, out of the many we have to offer:

GROCERIES

Kirk's American Family Soap, 6 bars for	25c
Sunny Monday Soap, 6 bars for	25c
Galvanic Soap, 6 bars for	25c
Boston Baked Beans, 3 pound can, at	.08c
Ideal fine sifted Peas, 2 cans for	.25c
Ideal sweet corn, per can	.08c
The best crackers on earth, per pound	.07c
Occident Flour, 1 bbl sacks, at	1.50
Vesper Flour, 1 bbl sacks, at	1.45
Poultry Food, per 100 lb. sacks	1.75

DRY GOODS

American Print Calicoes, per yard	.06c
28 inch Percales, per yard	.07c
27 inch Chester Gingham, asst. patterns	.10c
Amaskeog Apron, checks	.08c
Linweave White Walstings	.25c
Lonsdale Muslin	.03c
Fruit of the Loom Muslin	.09c

We also carry a large line of Fancy and Staple Ribbons, Wish Fringe Trimmings and new Pointed Laces; also a good line of Crex and Axminster Rugs; also an assorted line of Ladies' and Children's Kimonos and House Dresses.

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

IN THEIR OWN LITTLE WORLD

Residents of Tangier Island, in Chesapeake Bay, Dwell in Isolated Community.

There is a little island in Chesapeake bay, 125 miles south of Baltimore, where the world has stood still for more than 100 years. Tangier Island is five miles long and much less than a mile wide, without sidewalks, and the houses are all built along the street with narrow canals of the deep water of the bay between each two houses. There is only one church, presided over by a Methodist minister, and only one doctor, and there is no cemetery, the dead of each family being buried in the yard. There is no newspaper, no jail, no lock-up and no lawyers, nor any need for them. Everybody is deeply religious, and profanity is punished with a fine imposed by the deacon of the church.

The men go fishing and crabbing in sailboats early on Monday mornings and do not come home until Saturday, when they have marketed their sea harvests in towns on the mainland. There are no gardens, no horses or cows, but plenty of chickens are raised. Fuel is supplied to the islanders by sloops, which come every month or so loaded with wood and anchor off Tangier, sending small boats piled with cordwood and kindlings to every house by means of the little canals. The women wear sunbonnets and go barefooted, and there is an organ in nearly every home. Tangier was first settled by white people in 1666, and before that time was occupied by the Indians.

Eskimos Descended From Mongols?

It is suggested by Dr. S. K. Hutton, who spent five years in Labrador, that the progenitors of the Labrador Eskimos came from Siberia, and that they are physically related to the Mongols. So far as is known, they are the aboriginal owners of the Labrador coast, and their territory extends inland more than a hundred miles. Two hundred years ago they occupied the whole length of the coast from north to south, about 600 miles, and their numbers were greater. Now they are confined to that part which lies between Mukkovic and Killinek, between latitude 55 degrees and 60 degrees 30 minutes north. In that area there are now fewer than 1,300 people, practically all that remain of the Labrador branch of the Inuit race. They are all professing Christians and live such orderly, quiet and regular lives that there is no policeman or even a resident justice of the peace in their country. At present there is little for the white man to covet in the country of the Inuit, and therein lies the principal safety of the Eskimos.

Unbarred Cells Successful.

John L. Whitman, superintendent of the Bridewell, Chicago, addressed the commonwealth class of the First Congregational church of Wilmette on "Modern Methods of Dealing With the Criminal Classes." "Ten years ago," said Mr. Whitman, "it was the custom to make the prisoners submit to punishment in order to make them obey. Now this method is seldom used. Our practice is to bring about discipline by trusting the prisoners and letting them feel that we really do trust them. We have found this to work splendidly. One of the greatest aids in carrying out this method at the Bridewell is the new cellhouse. In this cellhouse every cell has a window, which is not barred. I think there is no other prison in the United States where the windows to the cells are not barred. We have not had a single instance where a prisoner has tried to escape."

Wifely Attention.

Mr. and Mrs. Compton had gone out on the platform to take the air. Mrs. Compton returned to the car first and sat down squarely in what she thought was her husband's chair.

That she had made a mistake was speedily proved by the irate voice of the man who had walked along the aisle behind her.

"Andam," he said, "you are sitting on my hat!"

Mrs. Compton rose and took from the seat a crushed and crumpled object.

"Oh," she said breathlessly, as she gazed at the forlorn object, "I'm very sorry. You see, I thought all the time it was my husband's—I mean—"

But what she really meant she never fully explained, for the outraged owner of the hat asked it and stalked away in high dudgeon.—Youth's Companion.

She Scorns It.

"Now, my good woman, we want a good hand at scrubbing about the office. Do you work with avidity?"

"No, sirree, I works with hot suds and a good brush."

The Present Style.

"Mr. Bluffs is a fine lawyer, and he's been so since papa."

"Why," he did do?"

"Why, there was a man arrested and didn't like, and Mr. Bluffs kindly let him sent to prison for 99 years. Wasn't it dear of him?"

His Vacation.

"And where did you spend your two weeks?"

"Sitting in a hotel barber chair. The barber was persuasive and I let him give me the entire list."

SCOTT FACES DEATH MANY TIMES

Thrilling Experiences and Miraculous Escapes Related by Leader of British Polar Expedition—Expects to Reach South Pole.

Special Notice.—Captain Robert F. Scott's narrative of his explorations in the Antarctic, published below, was issued by New York Times company yesterday as a book, duly entered for copyright and publicly exposed for sale, the same being its first publication anywhere in the world. Its production in this power is of course duly authorized. Its reproduction elsewhere in the United States in any form except by permission from the New York Times company is forbidden.

Title under which the narrative is copyrighted: "Capt. Scott's Story—Travelling Experiences—Miraculous—Escapes—Daring Winter Operations—Valuable Scientific Work—First Antarctic Telephone Installed—Motor Sledges Did Good Work—Cinematograph Records Taken—Expedition Steadily Approaching Pole When Last Heard From."

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An exciting race for life commenced over the pack of ice, the ponies leaping from floe to floe. This lasted for eight hours, and then, nearing the barrier, the party found an insurmountable wall of ice against which floes were dashing and smashing. Ocean started in a forlorn hope over the shaking and swirling broken ice, and at last stuck his ski stick in a crack and climbed the barrier.

Akaroa, New Zealand.—Long dispatches descriptive of his thrilling adventures up to January 3 this year, specially written for the New York Times, were sent from here by Captain Robert F. Scott.

When last heard of he was making a final effort to reach the pole, and Lieutenant Bowers, commander of the Terra Nova is confident of his success.

The Terra Nova was compelled to return by bad ice and climatic conditions, leaving besides Scott's party, Lieutenant Campbell's western party, which landed on the Drygalski glacier and sledged to the interior of South Victoria land. The geological expedition on the west coast found coal and fossils, the first fossils discovered in the antarctic continent.

The health of all the expedition is excellent, Lieutenant Evans had scurvy, but is now convalescent. The Terra Nova will return south in November to bring back Scott and his companions.

Captain Scott's narrative begins with the setting out of the depot-laying party from Cape Evans on January 26, 1911. The first misfortune was the breaking of the sea ice south of Cape Evans, severing all communication between the party and the station.

The depot party fixed their camp on the ice barrier seven miles east by southeast, of the hut. Then they marched 27 miles in the same direction to a place called Corner Camp and turned south to avoid the crevasses on White Island. The party

again three days later. They encountered a tremendous storm three days out from camp with great heaps of snow and baffling winds. Snow walls failed to shelter the ponies, who were badly knocked about. Dr. Wilson and Mearns with the dogs retired toward the base, Hut Point.

Lieutenant Bowers, Dr. Cherry, and Crean followed with four ponies, but close to Hut Point were compelled to turn south by the cracks in the sea ice. After a four-mile march the ponies were exhausted and the party camped at two o'clock in the morning March 1. Bowers was startled out of his sleep two hours later. The ice was smashed up and was churning around the camp. One pony had disappeared forever.

An exciting race for life commenced over the pack of ice, the ponies leaping from floe to floe. This lasted for eight hours, and then, nearing the barrier, the party found an insurmountable wall of ice against which floes were dashing and smashing. Ocean started in a forlorn hope over the shaking and swirling broken ice, and at last stuck his ski stick in a crack and climbed the barrier.

Fearful Night's Work.

Scott, Oates and Grant had remained behind trying to save a pony which was almost dead, and had to abandon it. They reached the barrier edge the same forenoon, saw the ponies drifting on the sea ice and then found Crean. Oates and Scott set out with Crean and at six in the evening found Bowers and Grant. The ice was now quieter and with an alpine rope, the men, sledges and the loads were raised up the barrier wall, but the ponies, though one was only thirty yards away, had to be left with full nose bags while the party rested at 4 a. m. after a fearful night's work following a day of peril and adventure.

The ice began to rock again, but became steady at eight the same morning. Marching north the party located the ponies. Bowers and Oates traveled over the peak to them and led the animals, jumping over wobbly floes. Meanwhile Scott and the others dug a trench in the barrier edge. But in spite of all their exertions one pony only was rescued. The other three drifted away on the pack to the north and were lost.

On March 5, the party was again safe at Hut Point. An upheaval of ice had smashed ten miles of sea ice and had broken big lumps off the barrier and demolished two miles of glacier tongue. The loss of three ponies was a severe disaster to the expedition.

The Hut was cleared of hard snow and the party settled down to life on blubber food, though seals were sometimes scarce. The health of all was good, and a box of old magazines was much appreciated.

150 Miles From Pole.

On March 15 the western geological party returned, making 16 in the party at the hut.

The party passed a comfortable winter and set off for the south on November 2. They encountered many severe storms and hardships, but at last reports were in excellent condition, 150 miles from the pole.

December 21, latitude 85 degrees 7 minutes south, longitude 153 degrees, four minutes east, height about 6,800 feet, four miles south thirty west of Mount Darwyl. Largely as a result of the storm reported in my last dispatch, the lower reaches of the glacier were filled with terribly soft snow. Men on foot sank to the knees at each step. It would have been quite impossible to advance had we not pulled on skis. As it was the runner surface of the sledges proved inadequate. They frequently sank to crossbars, requiring to be extracted with standing pulls. For four days we struggled in this morass, scarcely advancing five miles a day, although working ten to eleven hours. It is difficult to pitch camp and load sledges on such surface. On the fifth day the surface grew a little harder and we were able to push on, still pulling on skis. We did not get abreast of Cloudbreaker mountain until the seventh, so that the snow cost us a week's advance.

The ponies were all killed when the fargo had given out. They did excellent service.

The motor sledges were also fairly successful, but were abandoned around latitude 80 because of the overheating of the air cooled engines and the lack of time to make repairs.

Captain Scott said: "The system of propulsion adopted in these motors had proved entirely satisfactory and the machines dragged heavy loads over the worst part of the barrier surface, crossing several crevasses."

Principles Personally Applied.

"A man makes a mistake when he tries to obtain something for nothing."

"True," replied Senator Sturgis, "and yet some people expect us to go ahead and get elected without a campaign fund."

Just the Kind.

As Lincoln—to drag in his name once more—might have said: "Those who like this kind of weather will find this just the kind of weather they like."—Rochester Democrat.

Strength of Love's Ties.

One of the dearest thoughts to me is this—a real friend will never get away from me, or try to, or want to. Love does not have to be tethered either in time or eternity.—Anna Robertson Brown.

Schooled for Immortality.

There is only one way to get ready for immortality, and that is to live this life and live it as bravely and faithfully, and cheerfully as we can.—Henry Van Dyke.

Cash Register Case Delayed.

Cincinnati.—Hearing on the demurrer to the indictments against thirty officials and employees of the National Cash Register company for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law was postponed here until April 6.

Street Car Injures Priest.

St. Louis.—Father Edward Knierly of St. John's Catholic church, Rapid City, Ill., was struck and hurled twenty-five feet by a street car here. His skull was fractured and three ribs were broken.

Hay Rates Suspended.

Washington.—Advances in rates on hay from points in Wisconsin to Chicago over the Illinois Central were suspended by the interstate commerce commission until July 30.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are amusing, true, and full of human interest.

Eastman—Yes, I'm broke! Bank's suspended; what can a fellow do?

Alkali Bill—Well, ain't tell what you'd do here, but out my way we'd suspend the banker! Savvy?

A Frequent Type.

"Spooneigh is a connoisseur of happiness."

"How do you define a connoisseur of happiness?"

"A person who knows how to be happy but can't."

His Business to Know.

Wife—Look, I bought this fur coat today. They tell me we are going to have very cold weather soon.

Husband—Who told you so?

Wife—The furrier.

SHE QUOT COFFEE

And Much Good Came From It.

It is hard to believe that coffee will put a person in such a condition as it did a woman of Apple Creek, O. She tells her own story:

"I did not believe coffee caused my trouble, and frequently said I liked it so well I would not quit drinking it, even if it took my life, but I was a miserable sufferer from heart trouble and nervous prostration for four years."

"I was scarcely able to go around at all. Had no energy, and did not care for anything. Was emaciated and had a constant pain around my heart until I thought I could not endure it. I felt as though I was liable to die any time."

"Frequently I had nervous chills and the least excitement would drive sleep away, and any little noise would upset me terribly. I was gradually getting worse until finally one day, it came over me, and I asked myself what is the use of being sick all the time and buying medicine so that I can indulge myself in coffee?"

"So I thought I would see if I could quit drinking coffee, and got some Postum to help me quit. I made it strictly according to directions, and I want to tell you that change was the greatest step in my life. It was easy to quit coffee because I had the Postum which I like better than I liked the old coffee. One by one the old troubles left, until now I am in splendid health, nerves steady, heart all right, and the pain all gone. Never have any more nervous chills, don't take any medicine, can do all my household work, and have done a great deal besides."

"My sister-in-law, who visited me this summer had been an invalid for some time, much as I was. I got her to quit coffee and drink Postum. She gained five pounds in three weeks, and I never saw such a change in anyone's health."

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CHAPTER 1.

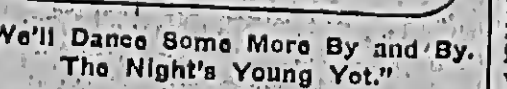
"I turned from the bar and saw the man by the stove and the eager look of welcome she extended him."

"Hello, Virgin, old girl," he called.

"Hello, Charley. What's the matter with you-all? Why wear faces like that when we comes only cast three o' cost? Come up, you-all, and drink!"

"Come up, you unburied dead, no name for poison. Come up, everybody. This is my night, and I'm going to town." To-morrow I'm thirty, and I'll be an old man. It's the last year of youth. Are you-all with me?

"Come along, then. Surge along."



out. As a result, high play went with small hands, though no play lasted long. But at three in the morning the big combination of hands arrived. It was the moment of momenta at mon wait weeks fer in a poker me. The news of it tingled over the

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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Tact and sympathy strove with him, and he smiled with his eyes into the Virgin's eyes as he said:

"You-all go and get some grub. I ain't hungry. And we'll dance some more by and by. The night's young yet. Go it old girl."

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VOTE FOR JOHN E. REARDON FOR CIRCUIT CLERK AND RECORDER

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

LAKE VILLA

C. B. Hamlin transacted business in Chicago on Tuesday.

Mrs. H. Hendricks of Ingleside visited in Lake Villa Saturday.

Mrs. T. J. Lynch of Kolze called on friends here last week.

Mrs. P. R. Avery visited in Libertyville with friends last week.

Mrs. C. W. Talbot and Miss Vera were Chicago to visit Tuesday.

Miss Lela Glyne of Lake Bluff visited friends in Lake Villa this week.

The Koelstra, Kapple and Avery families visited at Grayslake Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ruschewski on Wednesday March 27th.

Mrs. M. Dalrymple has been visiting her sister Mrs. M. S. Miller during the past week.

Miss Louise Larson and Mr. G. Poulton of Rollins visited relatives and friends here Sunday.

The Ladies Aid society met Wednesday with Mrs. R. Douglas and Mrs. Hughes, at their home.

A. Wilten has resigned his position at L. W. Rowling's and John Leonard took his place Monday morning.

On account of the strike in Chicago the Western Dairy Company is not using all the milk taken in at the factory so the surplus is being made into cheese.

N. G. Lentzer went Friday afternoon to his home at Menominee Falls, Wis., to be present at the celebration of his parent's silver wedding anniversary. He returned to Lake Villa Sunday evening.

Mr. Jasper Denick, who accompanied his uncle's body, J. Rogers to Antioch for burial last Saturday, spent Monday night with Mr. and Mrs. H. Sherwood returning to his home in Kansas the following day.

MILLBURN

The Ladies Aid met Thursday and served a Lenten supper.

Miss Vida Jamison spent the week end with home folks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. White have taken up their residence in Millburn again.

Mrs. Joseph Mathews returned home from Pontiac this week where she has spent the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Stewart returned from California Friday where they have spent the winter.

Miss Helen Safford of Wheaton, Ill., is spending the spring vacation with the home folks.

Messrs W. G. Thom and A. K. Bain returned home Friday from their Western trip, very much pleased with the country.

There will be an Easter entertainment given by the Sunday school, Easter Sunday morning, April 7th. Everybody come.

Mr. J. S. Denman returned home Tuesday from Chicago where he has been for the past two weeks in the German American Hospital. It will be some time before he is able to work.

Her Hair Saved Her.

When the steamer Tagus rose after a dip into an enormous wave while she was on her way from Bermuda to New York, a bride, the only bride on board, was floating about the deck like a biscuit.

The water was three feet deep and she might have been swept from the deck had not M. Kreishler, a New Yorker, grabbed her by the hair and saved her. So frightened was the young woman that she was carried to her stateroom in hysterics, and for five hours she could not be convinced that the ship was not sinking.

RUSSELL

The hunters have enjoyed a few good days hunting.

Mr. John Traynor is busy painting for Murrie Bros.

Russell has a good barber. Come and give him a trial.

Mrs. Crittenden has been having poor health the past few weeks.

S. B. Cropley and W. L. Dexter are unloading a car load of hay.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crawford were Racine visitors over Sunday.

Silver brother expect to hold a barn-raising at John Bennetts on Thursday.

Mrs. A. C. Carris was given a birthday surprise on March 30, by receiving 55 birthday postals.

Miss Metcalf has returned to her school duties after a few weeks illness. We are all glad to see her back.

Napoleon on Shakespeare.

It is a fact that the great emperor of the French had a very poor opinion of Shakespeare's plays. According to Thiboudeau, in his "Bonaparte and the Consulate," Napoleon said one day:

"Shakespeare was forgotten even by the English for two hundred years, until Voltaire took it into his head to write him up, to please his English friends; and ever since people have gone about repeating that Shakespeare was the greatest author that ever lived. I have read him, and there is nothing in him that approaches Corneille or Racine. His plays are not worth reading."

England's Oldest Newspaper.

Besides being the government's best journalistic property, the London Gazette is also the oldest existing English newspaper. It published its first number in 1665. In that troubled year the court was at Oxford on account of the plague and the paper bore the name of the Oxford Gazette in consequence, not changing to its present title until the twenty-fourth number. We can get some idea of the cost of running it from the statement of one of its rivals that the rival's charge for "entertaining apices for information" was \$2,500 in the first year.

More Favorable Ground.

When our son was a boy of four a family of children moved next to us who were simply incorrigible. Of course their delinquencies were much commented on in our family, and many a time I talked about "those dreadful Smith children."

One day I had occasion to correct my little son, talking to him seriously. He listened quietly for awhile, then looked up at me and said with the most engaging air: "Don't let's talk about this, mamma! let's talk about the Smith children."

CHIEF EVENT OF THE DAY

Passing of the Milk Train, Not Charge of Bull, Caused Young Farmer's Haste.

In rural New England the passing of a railway train is still a matter of public interest quite astonishing to visitors from the city. Last summer three ladies from Boston hired an abandoned farmhouse in northern New England, in a region devoted to dairying. One warm August day they walked through the rocky pastures to a farmhouse three miles distant, in quest of a two weeks' supply of butter.

On learning that they had come through the fields, the farmer's wife exclaimed: "Why, you can't be back that way alone! Our bull's out there in the back lot, and only day fore yesterday he freed my son-in-law on a snuff for two hours. I'll have him go home with you."

With some misgivings on the part of the women, the little procession started back under the guidance of the young man, the ladies carrying the butter. All went well till they had gone about a quarter of a mile, when the escort suddenly called, excitedly: "Come on!" and started on a run toward higher ground.

Thinking that they understood the occasion of his activity, they needed no urging to follow him. On and on they sped, throwing away their butter as an impediment to their speed. Finally, bathed in perspiration, and gasping for breath, they sank exhausted on a rocky ledge whither their guide had led them.

Standing just above, he waved his arm in a dramatic gesture toward the valley below, where a freight train could be seen crawling slowly out from between a cleft in the hills, and shouted: "There she goes—the milk train!"—Youth's Companion.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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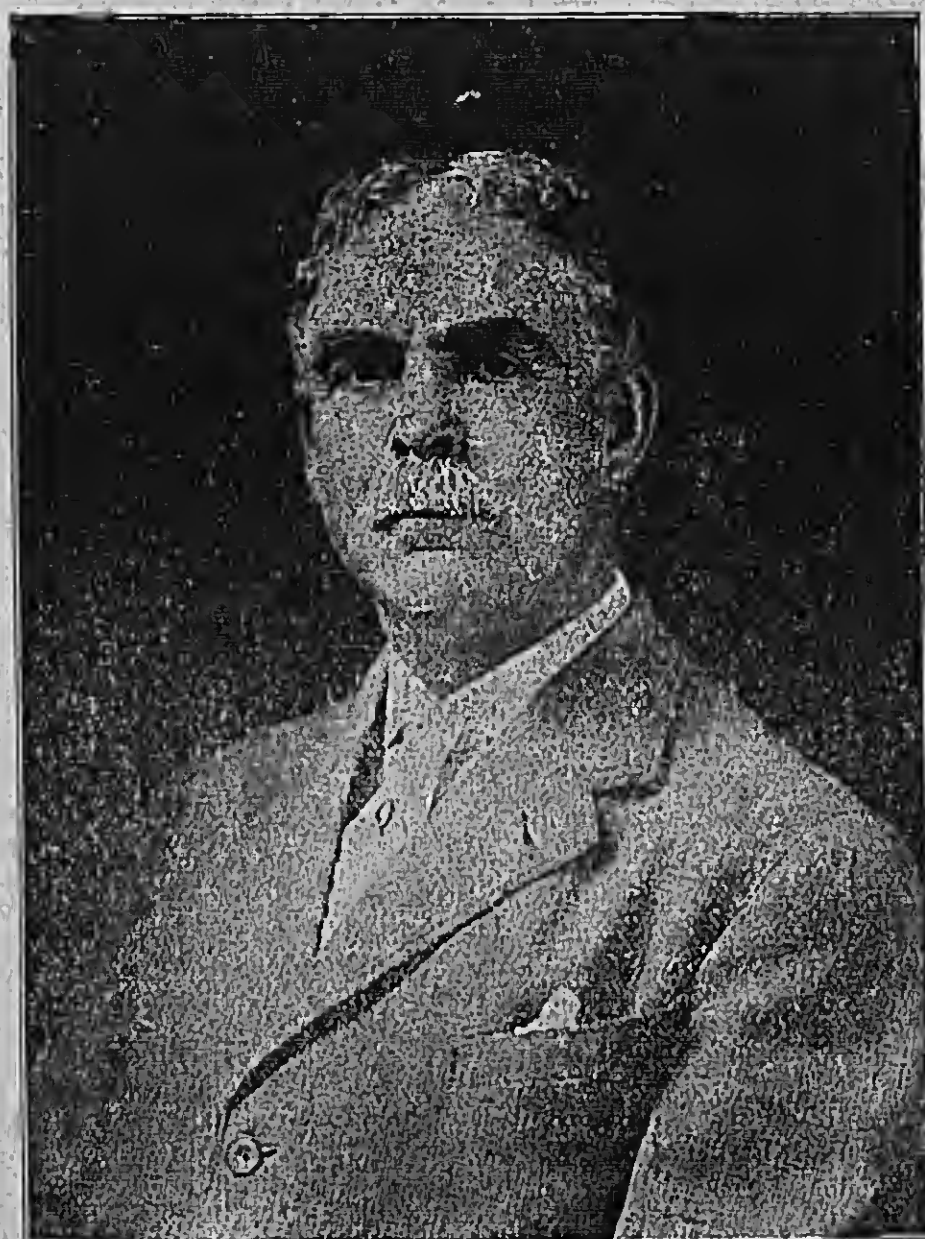
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